Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

Auditing Procedures Report

 as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended an	d P.A. 71 of 1919, as afficilited.		
Local Unit of Government Type		Local Unit Name	County
⊠County □City □Twp	□Village □Other	Osceola County	Osceola
Fiscal Year End	Opinion Date	Date Audit Report Submitted to State	
December 31, 2006	May 29, 2007	June 22, 2007	
We affirm that:			

We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (report of comments and recommendations).

	3		
	YES	9	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)
1.	X		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.
2.	X		There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.
3.	X		The local unit is in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury.
4.	X		The local unit has adopted a budget for all required funds.
5. 6.	X		A public hearing on the budget was held in accordance with State statute. The local unit has not violated the Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, or other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division.
7.	X		The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
8.	X		The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.
9.	X		The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).
10.	X		There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that ha not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.
11.	×		The local unit is free of repeated comments from previous years.
	-		The good to entire in LINOLIA LISTED

12. X The audit opinion is UNQUALIFIED.

The local unit has complied with GASB 34 or GASB 34 as modified by MCGAA Statement #7 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The board or council approves all invoices prior to payment as required by charter or statute. 14. X

To our knowledge, bank reconciliations that were reviewed were performed timely.

If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	Not Required (enter a brief justifi	cation)				
Financial Statements	\boxtimes						
The letter of Comments and Recommendations	\boxtimes						
Other (Describe) Single Audit	\boxtimes						
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)		Telephone Number					
Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC		906-495-5952					
Street Address		City	State	Zip			
16978 S. Riley Avenue		Kincheloe	MI	49788			
Authorizing CPA Signature	Prir	nted Name	License	License Number			
Henneth a. Taloma	K	Kenneth A. Talsma 1101024989					

COUNTY OF OSCEOLA, MICHIGAN

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2006

OSCEOLA COUNTY, MICHIGAN

ORGANIZATION

MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY COMMISSION

MARK BROCK	#1	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER
ELMO HOAGLUND	#2	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER
RONALD SIKKEMA	#3	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER
ALAN TIEDT	#4	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER
ROGER FABER	#5	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER
DAVID BROOKS	#6	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER
LARRY EMIG	#7	DISTRICT	COMMISSIONER

APPOINTED/ELECTED OFFICIALS

COUNTY COORDINATOR	SUSAN VANDERPOL
COUNTY TREASURER	CAROL J. HALLADAY
COUNTY CLERK	KAREN BLUHM

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KINROSS OFFICE

PHILLIP J. WOLF, CPA, PRINCIPAL SUE A. BOWLBY, CPA, PRINCIPAL KENNETH A. TALSMA, CPA, PRINCIPAL DEANNA J. MAYER. CPA MEMBER AICPA
DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS
MEMBER MACPA
OFFICES IN
MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Osceola, Michigan 301 West Upton Avenue Reed City, MI 49677

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Osceola, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Osceola's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Osceola County Road Commission, which represent 99% of the assets and revenues of the Discretely Presented Component Units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts recorded for the Road Commission, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Osceola, Michigan as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Osceola, Michigan Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 29, 2007 on our consideration of the County of Osceola's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

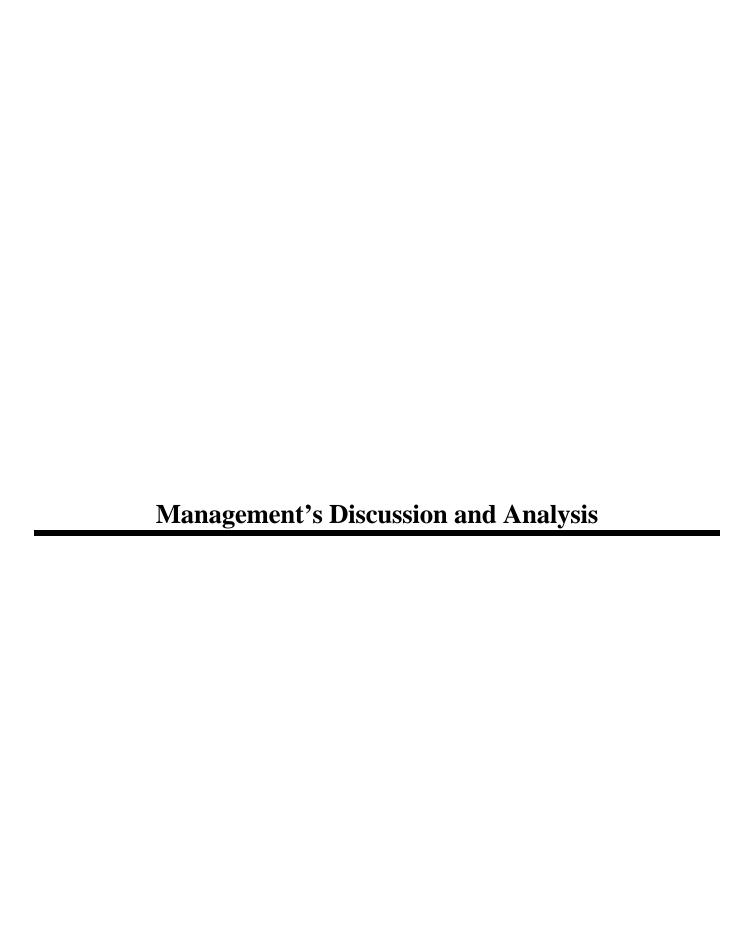
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Osceola's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The additional information regarding the Municipal Securities Disclosure Requirements of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c2-12 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*; and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County of Osceola. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

anderson Jackman, Co. P. C.

May 29, 2007



Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

The County as a Whole

A few of the general highlights of 2006 were:

- Total net assets were \$13,071,712.
- Governmental activities net assets were \$6,534,419.
- Business-type activity net assets were \$6,537,293.
- Component Unit net assets were 11,507,980.

There were increases of \$659,138 and \$344,317 in net assets in the governmental activities and business-type activities respectively. A gain of \$1,101,394 in net assets was realized in the Component Units.

In a condensed format, the table below shows the net assets of Osceola County.

	Governmental		Business-Type									
		Activities			Activities				Total			
	_	2006		2005		2006		2005	_	2006		2005
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	\$	8,297,140 7,107,190	\$	13,539,833 3,625,910	\$	6,323,295 215,934	\$	5,965,713 229,333	\$	14,620,435 7,323,124	\$	19,505,546 3,855,243
Total Assets	\$	15,404,330	\$	17,165,743	\$	6,539,229	\$	6,195,046	\$	21,943,559	\$	23,360,789
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	3,492,972 5,376,939	\$	5,753,603 5,536,859	\$	1,936	\$	2,070	\$	3,494,908 5,376,939	\$	5,755,673 5,536,859
Total Liabilities		8,869,911		11,290,462		1,936		2,070	_	8,871,847	_	11,292,532
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets -		1.707.600		1 500 000		215.024		220 222		2.012.622		1.000.505
Net of Debt		1,797,688		1,739,232		215,934		229,333		2,013,622		1,968,565
Restricted		2,433,806		1,861,005		-		-		2,433,806		1,861,005
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	2,302,925	_	2,275,044		6,321,359		5,963,643	_	8,624,284	_	8,238,687
Total Net Assets	\$	6,534,419	\$	5,875,281	\$	6,537,293	\$	6,192,976	\$	13,071,712	\$	12,068,257

The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$2,302,925, or about 21% of expenditures. This is within the targeted range set by the County Board of Commissioners during its last budget process.

The following table shows the activities of the County.

	Governmental Activities			Busines Activ	ss-Type vities	Т	Total		
	2006	2005		2006	2005	2006	2005		
Program Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$ 1,974,218	\$ 1,809,098	\$	541,250	\$ 490,607	7 \$ 2,515,468	\$ 2,299,705		
Operating Grants and	+ -,,,,,,,	, -,,,,,,,	_	,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	+ -,,		
Contributions	2,775,261	1,750,807		-		- 2,775,261	1,750,807		
Capital Grants and									
Contributions	95,746	-		-		95,746	-		
General Revenues									
Property Taxes	6,467,139	6,309,356		-		- 6,467,139	6,309,356		
Unrestricted Investment									
Earnings	264,210	173,061		198,056	121,975	,	,		
Transfers and Other Revenue	74,435	817,306		(103,089)	(128,779	(28,654	688,527		
Total Revenues	11,651,009	10,859,628		636,217	483,803	12,287,226	11,343,431		
Duo curam Evmanaga									
Program Expenses	67,745	67,768				- 67,745	67,768		
Legislative Judicial	1,279,337	1,146,599		-	•	- 07,743 - 1,279,337	,		
General Government	2,236,316	2,114,924		-	•	- 2,236,316			
Public Safety	3,343,482	3,110,290		_		- 3,343,482			
Public Works	1,784	56		_		- 3,545,462			
Health and Welfare	3,448,813	2,727,793		_		- 3,448,813			
Other Expenses	360,463	1,018,211		_		- 360,463			
Loss on Equipment Disposal	7,784	-		_		- 7,784			
Interest Expense –	,,,,,					,,,,			
Unallocated	246,147	291,831		-		- 246,147	291,831		
Tax Collection	-	-		30,969	7,311	30,969			
Parks and Recreation	-	-		200,073	160,635	5 200,073	160,635		
Sheriff Commissary	<u>-</u>			60,858	42,645	60,858	42,645		
Total Expenses	10,991,871	10,477,472		291,900	210,591	11,283,771	10,688,063		
Changes in Net Assets	659,138	382,156		344,317	273,212	2 1,003,455	655,368		
Not Assets Designing	E 07E 201	5 402 125		C 102 07C	5.010.76	12.069.257	11 410 000		
Net Assets – Beginning	5,875,281	5,493,125		6,192,976	5,919,764	12,068,257	11,412,889		
Net Assets – Ending	\$ 6,534,419	\$ 5,875,281	\$	6,537,293	\$ 6,192,976	<u>\$ 13,071,712</u>	\$ 12,068,257		

Governmental Activities

Revenue from property taxes increased 2.5% from the previous year, gaining \$157,783, which was \$119,036 greater than the previous year's gain. This increase over prior years' gains was a result of Tax Tribunal decisions as well as the State eliminating Revenue Sharing to counties with implementation of the early July tax collection and the creation of the Revenue Sharing Reserve Funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2006

Health insurance costs decreased during the current year from \$527,804 in 2005 to \$455,605 in 2006. This 13.6% decrease was due to many employees opting out of the program due to higher employee premiums. Self-funding of prescription drugs has increased the cost of prescriptions. Fiscal year 2006 saw a 14.8% increase in the cost of prescription drugs. Because of the calendar fiscal year, health insurance cost projections can only be estimated during the budget process for the next fiscal year budget cycle. Once the renewal information is received, adjustments are made. The opening for the employees to make health insurance choices comes after the budget forecasts near the start of the fiscal year so true costs are not solidified until then but are consistent throughout the entire year.

The wage rate increases were three percent for Sheriff's road patrol deputies and Emergency Medical Services paramedics, 3.0% for general non-union employees, and 2.25% for corrections officers for fiscal year 2006. The union contracts vary between three and four year agreements with wage increases varying among the union contracts, some tied with health and retirement benefit level changes.

The County continues to strive to update technology and streamline technology functions. A technology coordinator was hired as full-time in 2006 to oversee the County's various systems and work with software vendors. The County has replaced servers and improved networking capabilities. This included a change of financial and tax software during 2006.

Business-Type Activities

The County business-type activities are multi-faceted. They range from Tax Collection, County Parks, and Sheriff Commissary. The Tax Collection funds significantly support the General Fund. Charges for services and fees support the operations of the County Parks and the Sheriff Commissary. As with its other services, business-type activities are broad based and in many cases, the predominant provider of that service for the citizen.

The County's Funds

Our analysis of the County's major funds begins on page 10 following the entity wide financial statements. The individual fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the County as a whole. The County Board of Commissioners creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages. The County's major funds for 2006 include the General Fund, which includes the Sheriff's Department Road Patrol millage, Revenue Sharing Reserve, EMS, Building Authority Debt, and the Delinquent Tax Funds. Funds supported by special millages consist of the Commission on Aging Funds and Emergency Medical Services Fund.

The General Fund supports most of the County's governmental services. The costliest are the police, courts, and law enforcement functions. The Jail is augmented with the renting of inmate space (beds) to other governmental entities. The Delinquent Tax Fund is supported by interest and fees from the collection of taxes. The Commission on Aging Funds are used to provide services to senior and disabled populations and to match grant dollars for local support.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2006

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund realized \$407,158 more in revenues than anticipated for the fiscal year. The General Fund operations also expended \$477,059 less than appropriated. Operating Transfers were less than budgeted for both revenues and expenditures and resulted in a positive net budget variance of \$93,053.

All of the General Fund services departments expended less than the budgeted amount for departmental operations in 2006. Additional revenues over projected budgetary amounts were realized in the areas of Taxes, Licenses and Permits, Charges for Services, Refunds and Reimbursements, and Interest & Rentals. Less was received than budgeted from Federal Sources, Local Sources, and State Sources. Elected Officials and Department Heads continue to exhibit diligence across the board of keeping within budget parameters or identifying problems before they occur.

Over the course of the year the County Board amended the General Fund budget to reflect adjustments in revenues that developed in the year. The major adjustments were in Elections, General Operations, Sheriffs, Jail, Emergency Management, 911 Operations, Insurance and Bonds, and Employee Benefits.

Other Funds

The following funds ended the year with a fund balance of ten percent or greater: Building Inspections, Emergency Medical Services, Michigan Justice Training, Friend of the Court Fund, Community Corrections, Register of Deeds Automation, Budget Stabilization, Disaster Contingency, Officer Training, Drug Enforcement, DARE Operations, Commission on Aging, Equipment & Maintenance, Housing Grant and General Fund. All of this provides for stability, future flexibility, and a mechanism for setting aside funds for services and equipment replacement.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

During the 2006 period, the County invested or acquired \$352,481 in capital assets that meet the dollar threshold of the reporting requirement. These purchases included the construction of a county building to house emergency management and building inspector, five vehicles, as well as other equipment.

The County reduced its bond debt load by \$165,000 in principal payments.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

This year produced a dichotomy of events. There was continued fund stabilization in all funds. There was investment in an equipment replacement fund in two of the smaller funds as was appropriated. There were monumental technological improvements in several areas that affect County operations. This all reflected a continued and more distinct upward trend in the County's financial posture. State Revenue Sharing further complicated future funding as the State's plan, where it provided provisions for funds that would be anticipated, left cash flow and potential public approval issues that will yet to be faced. We were pleased to end the current year with very healthy fund statuses in all funds and are still optimistic that the future will be proactive toward growth and progress.

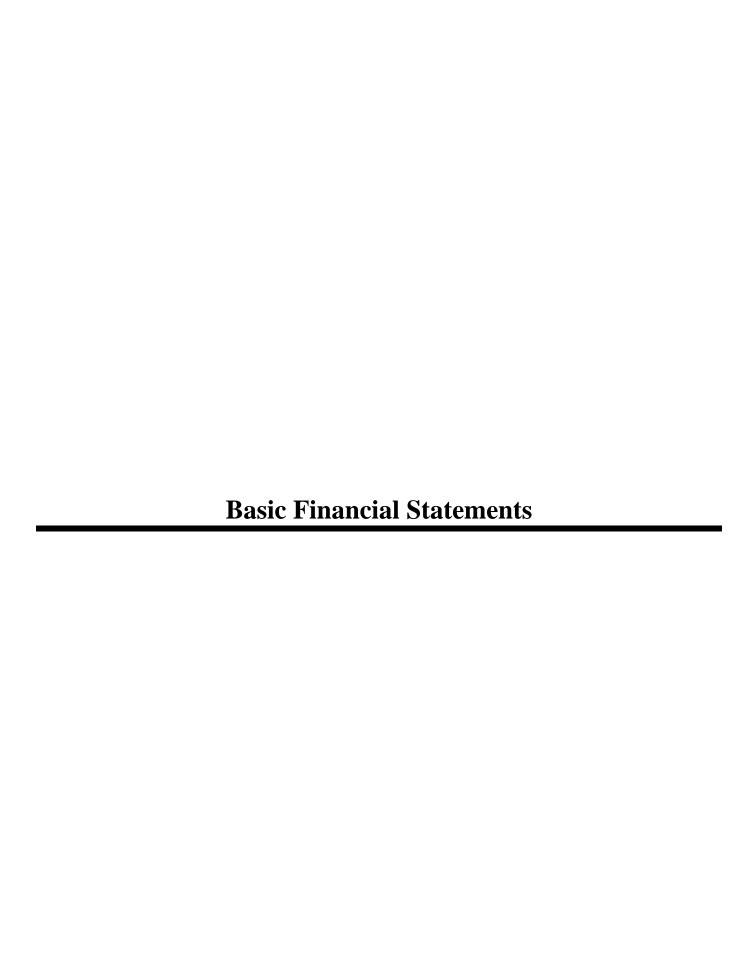
Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2006

Component Unit

A complete financial statement and management's discussion and analysis may be obtained from the Osceola County Road Commission.

Contacting the County's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the Coordinator's Office at 301 West Upton Avenue, Reed City, Michigan 49677.



Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

	Primary C	Government		
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Units
ASSETS:				
Current:				
Cash & Equivalents	\$ 3,281,730	\$ 4,476,943	\$ 7,758,673	\$ 561,661
Investments	200,392	1,046,047	1,246,439	-
Receivables:				
Accounts	249,528	-	249,528	666,582
Taxes	4,127,618	712,389	4,840,007	-
Interest	-	87,916	87,916	-
Leases	75,000	-	75,000	-
Prepaid Expenses	152,390	-	152,390	-
Due from Governmental Units	210,482	-	210,482	-
Inventories	-	-	-	244,430
Noncurrent Assets:				
Leases Receivable	3,525,000	-	3,525,000	-
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)	230,687	37,550	268,237	5,536,264
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	3,351,503	178,384	3,529,887	8,884,056
•				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 15,404,330	\$ 6,539,229	\$ 21,943,559	\$ 15,892,993
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 205,776	\$ -	\$ 205,776	\$ 203,038
Accrued Liabilities	194,051	856	194,907	19,528
Accrued Interest Payable	50,597	-	50,597	-
Due to Governmental Units	-	1,080	1,080	163
Deferred Revenue	2,856,896	-	2,856,896	-
Capital Leases	15,652	-	15,652	75,000
Installment Loans	-	-	-	96,000
Bonds Payable	170,000	-	170,000	4,613
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Vested Employee Benefits	178,089	-	178,089	268,126
Capital Leases	8,850	-	8,850	3,525,000
Installment Loans	-	_	_	193,545
Bonds Payable	5,190,000		5,190,000	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,869,911	1,936	8,871,847	4,385,013
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt)	1,797,688	215,934	2,013,622	10,530,775
Restricted for County Road	-	-	-	962,082
Restricted for Other Purposes	2,433,806	-	2,433,806	-
Unrestricted	2,302,925	6,321,359	8,624,284	15,123
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 6,534,419	\$ 6,537,293	\$ 13,071,712	\$ 11,507,980

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2006

			Program Revenues				e) Revenue and n Net Assets	
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
Legislative	\$ 67,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (67,745)	\$ -	\$ (67,745)	\$ -
Judicial	1,279,337	426,902	339,573	φ -	(512,862)	φ -	(512,862)	φ -
General Government	2,236,316	438,533	510,215	95,746	(1,191,822)		(1,191,822)	
Public Safety	3,343,482	335,036	467,912	23,740	(2,540,534)		(2,540,534)	
Public Works	1,784	333,030	407,512	_	(1,784)	_	(1,784)	_
Health & Welfare	3,448,813	773,747	1,457,561	_	(1,217,505)	_	(1,217,505)	_
Other Expenses	360,463	-	1,457,501	_	(360,463)	_	(360,463)	_
Interest Expense - Unallocated	246,147	_	_	_	(246,147)	_	(500,105)	_
morest Expense Onanocated	210,117				(2-10,1-17)			
Total Governmental Activities	10,984,087	1,974,218	2,775,261	95,746	(6,138,862)		(5,892,715)	
Business-type activities:								
Tax Collection	30,969	281,769	_	-	_	250,800	250,800	_
Parks & Recreation	200,073	198,156	_	-	_	(1,917)	(1,917)	_
Commissary	60,858	61,325	_	-	_	467	467	_
•								
Total Business-type Activities	291,900	541,250				249,350	249,350	
Total Primary Government	\$ 11,275,987	\$ 2,515,468	\$ 2,775,261	\$ 95,746	(6,138,862)	249,350	(5,643,365)	
Component Units:								
Road Commission	\$ 3,776,100	\$ 15,840	\$ 3,370,384	\$ 931,565				541,689
Economic Development	64,185	-	28,668	-				(35,517)
Drain Revolving	-	7,005	-	-				7,005
Total Component Units	3,840,285	22,845	3,399,052	931,565				513,177
Total	\$ 15,116,272	\$ 2,538,313	\$ 6,174,313	\$ 1,027,311				
	-							
General Revenues and Transfers:					6 467 120		6 467 120	
Taxes Investment Earnings (Loss)					6,467,139 264,210	198,056	6,467,139 462,266	37,589
Loss on Equipment Disposal					(7,784)	198,036	(7,784)	514,343
								314,343
Other					1,447	6,184	7,631	26.205
Transfers - net					72,988	(109,273)	(36,285)	36,285
Total General Revenues and Transfers					6,798,000	94,967	6,892,967	588,217
Changes in Net Assets					659,138	344,317	1,003,455	1,101,394
Net Assets - Beginning					5,875,281	6,192,976	12,068,257	10,406,586
Net Assets - Ending					\$ 6,534,419	\$ 6,537,293	\$ 13,071,712	\$ 11,507,980

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

	General	Revenue Sharing Reserve	EMS	Building Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:				<u> </u>		
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 990,305	\$ 1,204,510	\$ 151,888	\$ -	\$ 935,027	\$ 3,281,730
Investments	200,392	-	-	-	-	200,392
Receivables:						
Accounts	160	-	136,201	-	113,167	249,528
Taxes	1,922,421	1,168,925	575,726	-	460,546	4,127,618
Leases	-	-	-	3,600,000	-	3,600,000
Prepaid Expenditures	152,390	-	-	-	-	152,390
Due from Other Funds	76,287	-	-	-	-	76,287
Advances From Other Funds	2,000	-	-	-	-	2,000
Due from Governmental Units	161,520		-		48,962	210,482
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,505,475	\$ 2,373,435	\$ 863,815	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 1,557,702	\$ 11,900,427
LIABILITIES:						
Due to Other Funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,762	\$ -	\$ 41,525	\$ 76,287
Accounts Payable	124,732	-	27,982	-	53,062	205,776
Accrued Liabilities	128,665	-	30,118	-	35,268	194,051
Advances to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	2,000	2,000
Deferred Revenue	1,820,624	<u> </u>	575,726	3,600,000	460,546	6,456,896
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,074,021		668,588	3,600,000	592,401	6,935,010
FUND BALANCES:						
Reserved	-	2,373,435	-	-	60,371	2,433,806
Unreserved:						
Undesignated	1,429,454	-	195,227	-	904,930	2,529,611
Designated	2,000	-				2,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,431,454	2,373,435	195,227		965,301	4,965,417
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,505,475	\$ 2,373,435	\$ 863,815	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 1,557,702	
Reconciliation to amounts reported for governmental activities in Capital assets used by governmental activities are not financial re Long term notes payable for governmental activities not due and pay Compensated absences liability not recognized in the funds. Capital leases payable for governmental activities not due and pay Deferred revenue on lease receivable is recognized as revenue und Accrued interest expense on long-term debt not recognized in the	sources and therefore are not payable in the current period. Vable in current period. der full accrual.	reported in the funds.				3,582,190 (5,368,850) (178,089) (15,652) 3,600,000 (50,597)
Net assets of governmental activities						\$ 6,534,419

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 General	Revenue Sharing Reserve	 EMS	uilding uthority	Go	Other evernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 4,302,258	\$ 1,157,795	\$ 558,515	\$ -	\$	448,571	\$ 6,467,139
Licenses & Permits	32,745	-	-	-		12,223	44,968
Federal Sources	222,914	-	-	-		770,429	993,343
State Sources	319,107	-	12,620	-		1,200,877	1,532,604
Local Sources	17,834	-		235,156		14,160	267,150
Charges for Services	938,040	-	773,747	-		292,543	2,004,330
Refunds & Reimbursements	389,556	-	-	-		27,991	417,547
Interest & Rentals	171,850	47,755	16,075	-		28,530	264,210
Other Revenue	 186,003	 	 11,591	 		86,408	284,002
TOTAL REVENUES	 6,580,307	 1,205,550	 1,372,548	 235,156		2,881,732	12,275,293
EXPENDITURES:							
Legislative	67,075	-	-	-		-	67,075
Judicial	856,426	-	-	-		413,974	1,270,400
General Government	1,955,889	-	-	-		-	1,955,889
Public Safety	2,635,980	-	-	-		586,453	3,222,433
Public Works	129	-	-	-		-	129
Health & Welfare	75,214	-	1,235,261	-		2,166,558	3,477,033
Capital Outlay	_	-	22,161	-		444,691	466,852
Debt Service	_	-	-	235,156		174,747	409,903
Other Expenditures	 867,217	 	 	 		1,542	868,759
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 6,457,930	 	 1,257,422	 235,156		3,787,965	11,738,473
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	122,377	1,205,550	115,126	-		(906,233)	536,820
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In	572,178	-	-	-		966,865	1,539,043
Operating Transfers Out	 (618,612)	 (508,000)	 (55,412)	 		(284,031)	(1,466,055)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING USES	75,943	697,550	59,714	-		(223,399)	609,808
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	 1,355,511	 1,675,885	 135,513	 		1,188,700	4,355,609
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,431,454	\$ 2,373,435	\$ 195,227	\$ 	\$	965,301	\$ 4,965,417

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2006

Not Changes in freed belonges total accommendation de	¢	<i>c</i> 00 909
Net Changes in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	609,808
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$388,417) and loss on disposal of assets (\$7,784) exceeded capital outlays of \$352,481.		(43,720)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets.		165,000
Repayment of capital lease is an expenditure in the governmental fund but reduces liability in statement of net assets.		29,876
Receipt of lease proceeds is an other financing source in the governmental funds, but is recognized as an increase in liability on the statement of net assets.		(17,700)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses, and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the following net changes:		
Compensated absences (8,277) Accrued interest on bonds (849)		(9,126)
Deferred revenue recognized as earned income		(75,000)

Changes in net assets of governmental funds

659,138

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2006

	Enterprise Funds							
	Prior		2005					
	Delinquent			Delinquent		Other		
		Tax		Tax		Funds		Totals
ASSETS:								
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	2,741,309	\$	1,159,729	\$	575,905	\$	4,476,943
Investments		1,046,047		-		-		1,046,047
Receivables:								
Taxes		11,564		623,288		77,537		712,389
Interest		-		62,329		25,587		87,916
Due from Other Funds		1,816,800		-		-		1,816,800
Capital Assets - net				<u>-</u>		215,934		215,934
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,615,720	\$	1,845,346	\$	894,963	\$	8,356,029
LIABILITIES:								
Due to Others	\$	736	\$	-	\$	344	\$	1,080
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		856		856
Due to Other Funds		-		1,650,000		166,800		1,816,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES		736		1,650,000		168,000		1,818,736
NET ASSETS:								
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt)		-		-		215,934		215,934
Unrestricted		5,614,984		195,346		511,029		6,321,359
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	5,614,984	\$	195,346	\$	726,963	\$	6,537,293

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2006

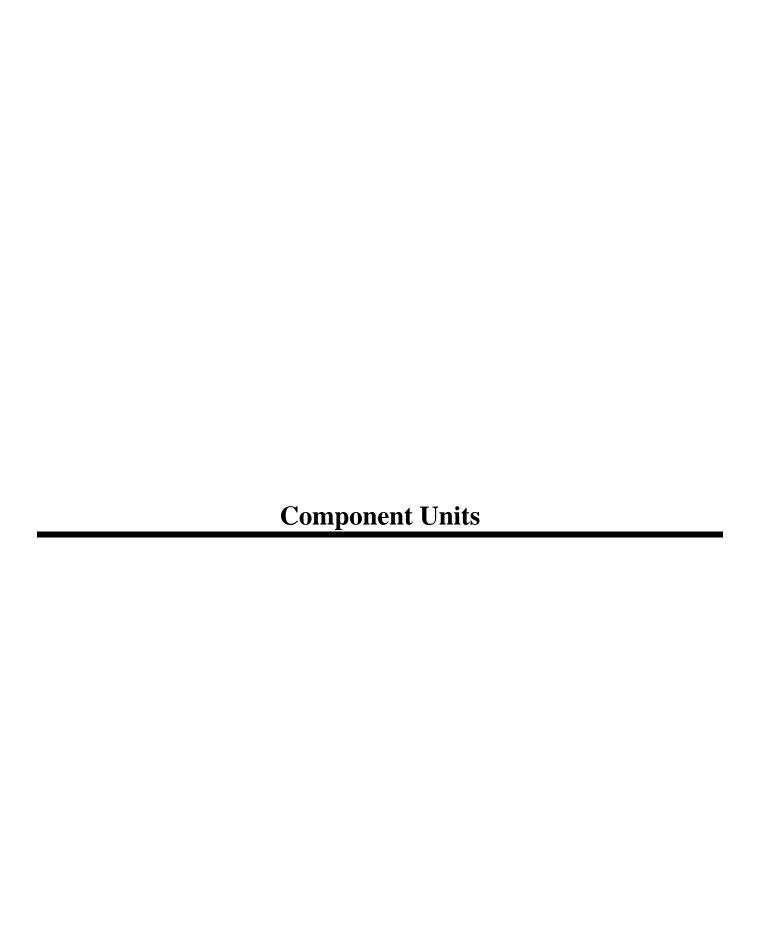
	Prior	2005		
	Delinquent	Delinquent	Other	
	Tax	Tax	Funds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:		-		
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ 176,277	\$ 320,072	\$ 496,349
Interest & Rentals	4,439	-	40,462	44,901
Other Revenue	6,184	<u> </u>		6,184
Total Operating Revenues	10,623	176,277	360,534	547,434
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel Services	-	-	92,453	92,453
Utilities	-	-	27,176	27,176
Repairs & Maintenance	-	-	23,270	23,270
Other Supplies & Expenses	2,494	4,148	128,960	135,602
Depreciation			13,399	13,399
Total Operating Expenses	2,494	4,148	285,258	291,900
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	8,129	172,129	75,276	255,534
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest Earnings	155,269	23,217	19,570	198,056
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	155,269	23,217	19,570	198,056
Income (loss) before transfers	163,398	195,346	94,846	453,590
Operating Transfers In	258,486	_	10,000	268,486
Operating Transfers Out	(128,788)		(248,971)	(377,759)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	293,096	195,346	(144,125)	344,317
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1	5,321,888		871,088	6,192,976
NET ASSETS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 5,614,984	\$ 195,346	\$ 726,963	\$ 6,537,293

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Enterprise Funds		
	Prior Delinquent Tax	2005 Delinquent Tax	Other Funds	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash Received From Customers or Users	\$ 25,674	\$ 1,993,360	\$ 1,055,739	\$ 3,074,773
Cash Payments to Suppliers/Others	(2,494)	(2,506,848)	(271,993)	(2,781,335)
Internal Activity - Receipts (Payments) to Other Funds	(644,400)	1,650,000	(1,005,600)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(621,220)	1,136,512	(221,854)	293,438
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Operating Transfers In (Out)	120 608		(229 071)	(100.272)
Net operating Transfers in (Out)	129,698		(238,971)	 (109,273)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	129,698		(238,971)	 (109,273)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Sale or (Purchase) of Investments	674,537			 674,537
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	674,537			 674,537
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest Income	155,269	23,217	19,570	198,056
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	155,269	23,217	19,570	 198,056
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents	338,284	1,159,729	(441,255)	1,056,758
Balances - Beginning of the Year	2,403,025		1,017,160	 3,420,185
Balances - End of the Year	\$ 2,741,309	\$ 1,159,729	\$ 575,905	\$ 4,476,943
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 8,129	\$ 172,129	\$ 75,276	\$ 255,534
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	-	-	13,399	13,399
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Taxes Receivable Interest Receivable	15,051	(623,288)	621,768	13,531
Due from Other Funds	(644,400)	(62,329)	60,439	(1,890) (644,400)
Due from Others	-	-	12,998	12,998
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Due to Other Funds	-	1,650,000	(1,005,600)	644,400
Accounts Payable			344	344
Accrued Liabilities			(478)	 (478)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (621,220)	\$ 1,136,512	\$ (221,854)	\$ 293,438

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2006

	Agency Funds
ASSETS:	
Cash & Equivalents:	
Unrestricted	\$ 919,633
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 919,633
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 717,033
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 74,686
Due to Others	844,947
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 919,633

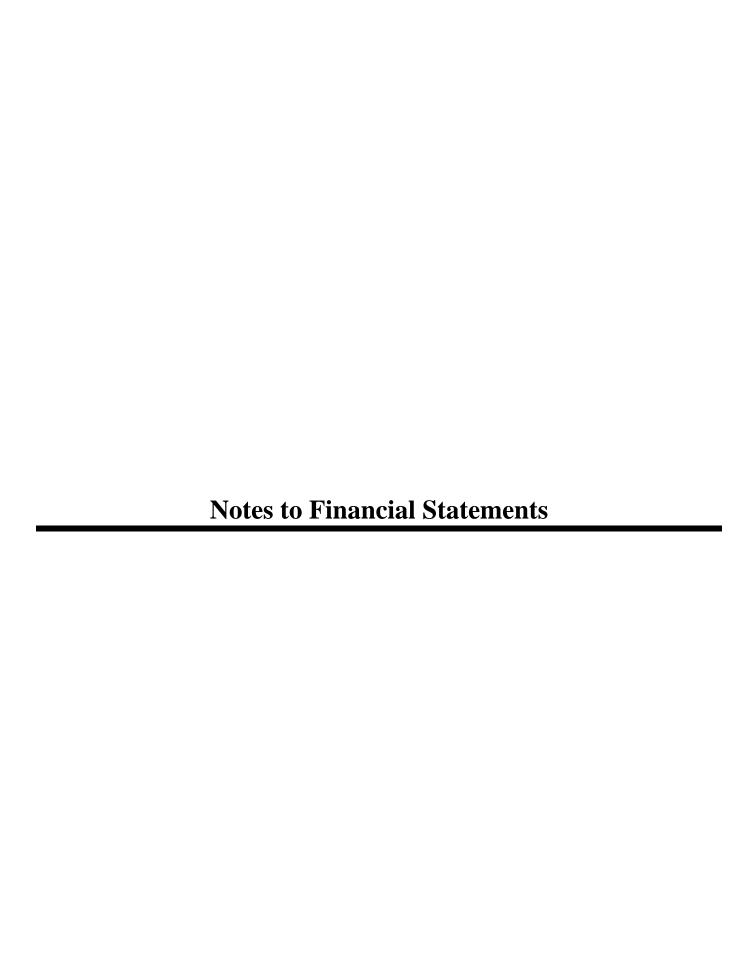


Statement of Net Assets Component Units December 31, 2006

	Road Commission	Devel	Economic Development Corporation		Revolving Drain		Totals
ASSETS:							
Current:	¢ 550.502	ф	0.400	ď.	2.660	d.	561.661
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 550,502	·	8,499	\$	2,660	\$	561,661
Accounts Receivable Inventories	662,618		-		3,964		666,582
Noncurrent Assets:	244,430		-		-		244,430
Capital Assets (not depreciated)	5,536,264						5,536,264
Capital Assets (not depreciated) Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	8,884,056		-		-		8,884,056
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					<u>-</u>		0,004,030
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 15,877,870	\$	8,499	\$	6,624	\$	15,892,993
LIABILITIES:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 203,038	\$	-	\$	-	\$	203,038
Accrued Liabilities	19,528		-		-		19,528
Due to Others	163		-		-		163
Capital Leases	75,000		-		-		75,000
Peformance Bonds Payable	4,613		-		-		4,613
Installment Loans	96,000	_					96,000
Total Current Liabilities	398,342	_					398,342
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Capital Leases	3,525,000		-		-		3,525,000
Installment Loans	193,545		-		-		193,545
Vested Employee Benefits	268,126						268,126
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,986,671	_					3,986,671
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,385,013	_					4,385,013
NET ASSETS:							
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	10,530,775		-		_		10,530,775
Restricted for County Road	962,082		_		_		962,082
Unrestricted		_	8,499		6,624		15,123
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 11,492,857	\$	8,499	\$	6,624	\$	11,507,980

Statement of Activities
Component Units
Year Ended December 31, 2006

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
					Grants and Grants and		Capital			Economic Development					
	_		8				C						Drain		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	S	ervices	<u>C</u>	ontributions	Co	ntributions	Roac	d Commission	Cor	poration	Re	volving		Total
Road Commission:															
Public Works	\$ 3,776,100	\$	15,840	\$	3,370,384	\$	931,565	\$	541,689	\$	-	\$	-	\$	541,689
Economic Development Corporation:															
Economic Development	64,185		-		28,668		-		-		(35,517)		-		(35,517)
Drain Revolving:															
Public Works			7,005		-				-				7,005		7,005
Total Component Units	\$ 3,840,285	\$	22,845	\$	3,399,052	\$	931,565		541,689		(35,517)		7,005		513,177
General Revenues and Transfers: Investment Earnings									37,589		_		_		37,589
Gain on Equipment Disposal									514,343		_		_		514,343
Transfers In									-		39,235		_		39,235
Transfers Out													(2,950)		(2,950)
Total General Revenues and Transfers									551,932		39,235		(2,950)		588,217
Changes in Net Assets									1,093,621		3,718		4,055		1,101,394
Net Assets - Beginning									10,399,236		4,781		2,569	1	10,406,586
Net Assets - Ending								\$	11,492,857	\$	8,499	\$	6,624	\$ 1	11,507,980



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County of Osceola, Michigan, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the County:

A – Reporting Entity:

The County of Osceola, Michigan, is a public corporation created under the Constitution and Statutes of the State of Michigan and covers an area of approximately 576 square miles with the County Seat located in Reed City. The County operates under an elected Board of Commissioners (seven members) and provides services to its 23,197 residents (per 2000 census) in many areas, including law enforcement, administration of justice, community enrichment and development, public works, health and welfare, and recreation and cultural activities.

Component Units:

In conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

<u>County of Osceola Building Authority</u> – The Authority is an entity legally separate from the County. The Authority is governed by a board, appointed by the Commission and is reported as if it were part of the County's operations because its primary purpose is the procurement and management of debt financing for the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units column in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the other component units of the County. The following is a summary of the component units:

Osceola County Road Commission - The County Road Commission is considered part of the County reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Road Commission is governed by a three member board elected by the electorate of Osceola County. The Road Commission may not issue debt or levy taxes without the approval of the County Board of Commissioners. However, this component unit of Osceola County has been audited and reported separately. Complete financial statements of the individual component unit can be obtained from the following:

Osceola County Road Commission 800 S. Chestnut Reed City, MI 49677

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>County of Osceola Economic Development Corporation</u> – The Corporation is a legally separate municipal corporation whose primary purpose is to promote economic development in the County of Osceola. The Board of the Economic Development Corporation is appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The Corporation's annual budget is subject to the approval of the Board of Commissioners and is financially accountable to the County.

<u>Drain Revolving</u> – Each drainage district is a separate legal entity with the power to contract, sue, be sued, hold, manage, and dispose of real and personal property etc. The full faith and credit of the County may be given for the debt of the drainage district.

Jointly Governed Organizations

<u>Central Michigan Community Mental Health Authority</u> – The County participates jointly in the operation of this Authority with four other area counties. All financial operations of the Authority are recorded in Isabella County. The County appropriated \$131,358 to the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2006.

<u>Meceola Consolidated Central Dispatch Authority</u> – Mecosta and Osceola Counties participate jointly in the operation of the Meceola Consolidated Central Dispatch Authority. Osceola County makes no appropriations to this Authority.

<u>Central Michigan District Health Department</u> – The County participates jointly in the operation of this Health Department with ten other area counties. All financial operations of the Health Department are recorded in Isabella County. The County appropriated \$150,185 to the Health Department of the year ended December 31, 2006.

<u>Mecosta Osceola Transit Authority</u> – The Transit Authority provides public transportation to the general public in Mecosta and Osceola counties. MOTA's a separate authority and is not a component unit of either county.

B – Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C – Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

<u>Taxes Receivable – Current or Property Taxes</u>

The County of Osceola property tax is levied on each December 1st and July 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the County of Osceola as of the preceding December 31st.

Although the County of Osceola's 2005 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2005 and the 2006 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2006, it is the County of Osceola's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be paid from the delinquent tax revolving fund within one year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The 2005 taxable valuation of the County of Osceola totaled \$596,513,644, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 4.2690 mills for the County operating, .7925 mills for Commission on Aging, .9984 mills for Road Patrol, .9907 mills for EMS, raising \$2,546,517, \$472,737, \$595,559, \$590,966, respectively. These amounts are recognized in the respective General and Special Revenue financial statements as tax revenue.

The July 1, 2006 taxable valuation of County of Osceola totaled \$625,999,069, on which as valorem taxes levied consisted of 4.2690 mills for the General Fund, this amount is recognized in the General Fund financial statements as revenue.

The County also raised \$1,209,515 for the Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund. This money was derived from 1/3 of the County's operating levy in 2005.

All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund

This Fund accounts for restricted funds that are limited to amounts previously reported as state revenue sharing distributed annually, which can be used to fund governmental operations.

Emergency Medical Services Fund

This Fund accounts for emergency medical services provided from charges for services, grants, Medicare and Medicaid reimbursements, and insurance reimbursements.

Building Authority Debt

This fund accounts for the repayment of building authority debt to construct road commission buildings.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

2005 Delinquent Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the collection of delinquent taxes.

Prior Delinquent Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the collection of prior year delinquent taxes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected not to follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's tax collection function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for tax collections. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D - Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity:

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income from all funds and is allocated to each fund based on average cash balance. Deposits are recorded at cost.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st and July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – All inventories, including the cost of supplies, are expensed when purchased. Certain insurance premiums and other expenditures are recorded as prepaid assets in the fund level and government-wide financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
8	•
Building Improvements	15 to 30 years
Roads	10 to 30 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Office Equipment	5 to 7 years
Computer Equipment	3 to 7 years
Infrastructure – Roads	8 to 20 years
Infrastructure – Bridges	12 to 30 years

<u>Vested Benefits Payable – County General Employees</u> - The County's employment policies provide for vacation benefits to be earned in varying amounts depending on the employee's years of service. The annual vacation benefits earned by each employee during the prior 12 months are credited to the employee on their anniversary date of hire.

Employees' vacation and sick leave benefits are earned at varying amounts depending on various union and non-union personnel policies. Employees may accumulate and utilize vacation leave until termination of employment, at which time they will be compensated in full for the unused portion or per policy or contract.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Employees accumulate or are awarded sick days based on county policy or union contract.

General non-union employees hired after September 1, 2002, and union employees are awarded a set number of sick days January 1st of each year, with the ability to carry over days into the next fiscal year per policy or union contract. The balance of unused sick time at year end is paid out to employees in January of the following year based on policy or union contract language.

Non-union employees hired prior to September 1, 2002 accumulate sick time at the rate of one day per month with a maximum accumulation of a total of 150 days. Upon separation of employment, the employee is paid 50% of the unused sick leave bank up to a maximum of seventy-five days.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Deferred Revenues</u> – Deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not.

<u>Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues</u> – Federal grants and assistance awards for all governmental type funds are recorded as intergovernmental revenue in accordance with the terms of the representative grants.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u> – During the course of normal operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. The classification of amounts recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions is determined by County management.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Control</u> – The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Each December, after receiving input from the individual departments, the Board of Commissioners prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing January 1st and lapses on December 31st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to January 1st, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the Board of Commissioners.
- d. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level of the General Fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund (i.e., budget amendments) require approval by the Board of Commissioners. Such amendments are made in accordance with the procedures prescribed under Public Act 621 of 1978.
- e. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- f. The County does not record encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as normal practice and, therefore, no outstanding encumbrances exist at year end.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the Board of Commissioners during the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes.

The General Fund revenue budget was adopted on the basis of activities or programs financed by the General Fund.

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 requires that budgets be adopted for Governmental Funds. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present budgetary comparisons for the Governmental Fund Types for which budgets were legally adopted. The original budget adopted for the General Fund was modified throughout the year through various budget amendments.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the County's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	Component Units
Cash and Equivalents – Unrestricted	\$ 3,281,730	\$ 4,476,943	<u>\$ 7,758,673</u>	\$ 919,633	<u>\$ 561,661</u>
Total	\$ 3,281,730	<u>\$ 4,476,943</u>	<u>\$ 7,758,673</u>	\$ 919,633	<u>\$ 561,661</u>
		Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	Component Units	
Bank Deposits (checking and sav accounts, certificates of deposit Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	•	\$ 7,756,613 2,060	\$ 919,633	\$ 561,561 100	
Total		\$ 7,758,673	<u>\$ 919,633</u>	<u>\$ 561,661</u>	
In a standard	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
Investments: U.S. Treasury Money Market	\$ 595,125 651,314	\$ 595,125 651,314	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
Total Investments	\$ 1,246,439	\$ 1,246,439	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Interest rate risk. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial credit risk. Investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the County's \$1,246,439 in investments all are in the name of the County. Credit quality ratings of public money funds were not available from the financial institutions or are unrated.

Custodial deposit credit risk. Custodial deposit credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the County does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$8,406,059 of the County's bank balance of \$8,809,059 was exposed to credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. \$0 was uninsured and collateralized by the pledging financial institution.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Statutory Authority:

Michigan Law (Public Act 20 of 1943 as amended) authorizes the County to deposit and invest in one or more of the following:

- a. Bond, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution that is eligible to be a depository of funds belonging to the State under a law or rule of this State or the United States.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in a.
- e. Banker's acceptance of United States banks.
- f. Obligations of this State or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940, Title I of Chapter 686, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 to 80a-3 and 80a-4 to 80a-64, with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- h. Obligation described in a. through g. if purchased through an interlocal agreement under the urban cooperations act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i. Investment pools organized under the surplus funds investment pool act, 1982 PA 367, 129.111 to 129.118.
- j. The investment pools organized under the local government investment pool act, 1985 PA 121, MCL 129.141 to 129.150.

The County's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the current year was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	I	ncreases	D	ecreases		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	213,687	\$	17,000	\$	-	\$	230,687
Construction in Progress		622,272		_		(622,272)		<u>-</u>
Subtotal		835,959		17,000		(622,272)		230,687
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		5,688,404		725,000		-		6,413,404
Machinery and equipment		2,736,697		232,753		(229,619)		2,739,831
Subtotal		8,425,101		957,753		(229,619)		9,153,235
Loss goodwalated depreciation for								
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings		(3,799,152)		(109,778)				(3,908,930)
Machinery and equipment		(1,835,998)		(278,639)		221,835		(1,892,802)
Wacimici y and equipment		(1,033,996)		(276,039)		221,633		(1,892,802)
Subtotal		(5,635,150)		(388,417)		221,835		(5,801,732)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		2,789,951		569,336		(7,784)	-	3,351,503
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$	3,625,910	\$	586,336	\$	(630,056)	\$	3,582,190
Cupital Hosels Title of Depreciation	Ψ	3,023,710	Ψ	300,330	Ψ	(030;030)	Ψ	5,502,170
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	37,550	\$		\$		\$	37,550
Subtotal		37,550		_		<u>-</u>		37,550
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		456,305		_		_		456,305
Equipment		89,09 <u>6</u>		_		(15,000)		74,096
Equipment		07,070				(15,000)		7 1,000
Subtotal		545,401		<u>-</u>		(15,000)		530,401
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(270 700)		(0.741)				(200 521)
Buildings and improvements		(278,780)		(9,741)		-		(288,521)
Equipment		(74,838)		(3,658)		15,000		<u>(63,496</u>)
Subtotal		(353,618)		(13,399)		15,000		(352,017)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		191,783		(13,399)		<u> </u>		178,384
Business-type Activities Capital Assets,	ø	220 222	¢	(12.200)	¢		ø	215.024
Net of Depreciation	\$	229,333	\$	(13,399)	\$	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>	215,934

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Judicial	\$ 7,282
General Government	278,772
Public Safety	101,693
Legislative	 670
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 388.417

A summary of changes in the Road Commission's capital assets are as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and Improvements	\$ 65,662	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,662
Infrastructure Land Improvements	5,055,495	415,107	_	5,470,602
Subtotal	5,121,157	415,107		5,536,264
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	4,656,674	59,474	(138,985)	4,577,163
Road Equipment	5,250,908	646,533	(363,741)	5,533,700
Shop Equipment	98,452	30,661	(9,459)	119,654
Office Equipment	30,615	1,150	-	31,765
Engineer's Equipment	35,519	-	_	35,519
Depletable Assets	226,825	-	_	226,825
Infrastructure – Bridges	465,534	134,390	_	599,924
Infrastructure – Roads	2,422,780	826,562	_	3,249,342
Subtotal	13,187,307	1,698,770	(512,185)	14,373,892
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building	(363,674)	(178,046)	120,901	(420,819)
Road Equipment	(3,963,915)	(582,138)	300,965	(4,245,088)
Shop Equipment	(76,731)	(6,745)	9,459	(74,017)
Office Equipment	(26,474)	(1,127)	-	(27,601)
Engineer's Equipment	(18,929)	(4,171)	-	(23,100)
Depletable Assets	(197,648)	(2,594)	-	(200,242)
Infrastructure – Bridges	(25,307)	(15,226)	-	(40,533)
Infrastructure – Roads	(368,780)	(89,656)		(458,436)
Subtotal	(5,041,458)	(879,703)	431,325	(5,489,836)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	8,145,849	819,067	(80,860)	8,884,056
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 13,267,006</u>	<u>\$ 1,234,174</u>	<u>\$ (80,860)</u>	<u>\$ 14,420,320</u>

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation and depletion expense was charged to the following activities:

Net Equipment Expense	
Direct Equipment	\$ 577,401
Indirect Equipment	
Shop Building	178,046
Shop Equipment	6,745
Net Administrative Expenses Office Equipment Office Vehicles	1,127 8,908
D 14 F	
Depletion Expense	2,594
Infrastructure Depreciation	 104,882
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 879,703

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The County of Osceola, Michigan reports interfund balances between many of its funds. Some of the balances are considered immaterial and are aggregated into a single column or row. The total of all balances agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net assets/balance sheet for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Interfund transactions resulting in interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

70		DUE TO OTHER FUNDS								
OTHER FUNDS		 General	I	Prior Delinquent Tax		Totals				
DUE FROM OT	2005 Delinquent Tax EMS Nonmajor-Gov. Funds Nonmajor-Enterprise Funds	\$ 34,762 41,525	\$	1,650,000 - - 166,800	\$	1,650,000 34,762 41,525 166,800				
	Total	\$ 76,287	\$	1,816,800	<u>\$</u>	1,893,087				

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payment between funds are made.

M. S		ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS
ADVANCES FROI OTHER FUNDS	Commission on Aging	General <u>Fund</u> \$ 2,000

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

		TRANSFERS (OUT)													
ANSFERS IN		 General Fund	_	Revenue Sharing Reserve	_	EMS		Prior Delinquent Tax		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	C	Component Unit	_	Total
	General Fund	\$ -	\$	508,000	\$	40,000	\$	-	\$	20,534	\$ 694	\$	2,950	\$	572,178
SI	Nonmajor Governmental	569,377		-		15,412		128,788		253,288	-		-		966,865
	Nonmajor Enterprise	10,000		-		-		-		-	-		-		10,000
TR	Prior Delinquent Tax	-		-		-		-		10,209	248,277		-		258,486
	Component Units	 39,235													39,235
	Total	\$ 618,612	\$	508,000	\$	55,412	\$	128,788	\$	284,031	\$ 248,971	\$	2,950	\$	1,846,764

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) moves receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government.

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds \$1,600,000 Building Authority Bonds, Series 1998, due in annual installments increasing from \$50,000 to \$125,000 through November 1, 2017, plus interest at 5.20 % payable semi-annually.	\$ 1,125,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 75,000
\$3,750,000 Building Authority Bonds, Series 2004, due in annual installments increasing from \$75,000 to \$225,000 through April 1, 2034, plus interest	ψ 1,125,000	Ψ -	75,000	ψ 1,030,000	75,000
at 3% to 4.875 payable semi-annually. \$725,000 Capital Improvement Bonds Series 2005, due in annual installments increasing from \$15,000 to \$40,000 through June 1, 2030, plus interest 3.75%	3,675,000	-	75,000	3,600,000	75,000
to 4.85% payable semi-annually.	725,000		15,000	710,000	20,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,525,000	\$ -	\$ 165,000	\$ 5,360,000	<u>\$ 170,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

	Governmenta				
Year End December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest			
2007	\$ 170,000	\$ 238,078			
2008	170,000	231,609			
2009	170,000	225,140			
2010	170,000	218,578			
2011	195,000	211,809			
2012-2016	1,090,000	929,338			
2017-2021	815,000	701,176			
2022-2026	850,000	524,917			
2027-2031	1,080,000	288,400			
2032-2034	650,000	48,750			
m . 1	4 7 2 5 0 0 0 0	Φ 2 (17 70 7			
Total	<u>\$ 5,360,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,617,795</u>			

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A summary of vested benefits payable at December 31, 2006 is as follows:

Vacation	\$ 121,624
Sick Leave	 56,465
TOTALS	\$ 178,089

The long-term debt of the Road Commission is summarized as follows:

	Balance 01/01/06	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/01/06	Due Within One Year
Caterpillar Track-Type Tractor, Model D4GXL, \$67,895, Capital Lease Dated July 1, 2003	\$ 44,752	\$ -	\$ 7,415	\$ 37,337	\$ 7,685
Caterpillar Excavator Model 312CL \$92,095 Capital Lease Dated July 15, 2003	69,110	-	13,601	55,509	8,446
Two 2003 International Trucks, \$212,000 Promissory Note Dated May 16, 2003, maturing serially through 2008 with quarterly installments of \$11,558 and an interest rate of 3.3%	110,191	-	43,124	67,067	44,565
Two 2004 International Trucks, \$180,000 Promissory Note Dated May 15, 2005 maturing serially through 2010 with quarterly installments of \$9,998 and an interest rate of 3.99%	163,491	-	33,859	129,632	35,304
Two Road Commission Facilities \$3,750,000 Capital Lease Dated April 1, 2004 maturing serially through 2034 with biannual payments ranging from \$75,000 to \$225,000 and at an interest rate ranging from 3.0% to 4.875%	3,675,000	-	75,000	3,600,000	75,000
Vested Employee Benefits Vacation and Sick Leave	330,124		61,998	268,126	
Total	\$ 4,392,668	\$ -	\$ 234,997	<u>\$ 4,157,671</u>	<u>\$ 171,000</u>

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A Caterpillar Track-Type Tractor Model D4GXL was purchased in July 2003 under a lease purchase agreement through Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation. The original purchase price was \$67,895, with 5 annual payments of \$9,181 and a \$30,888 balloon payment due in July 2008 at an implied interest rate of 3.99%.

 Loan Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Year	Outstanding 12/31/2006	Interest Payable if Held to Maturity
\$ 67,895	3.99%	2007 2008	7,685 29,652	1,495 1,188
		Total	\$ 37,337	\$ 2,683

A Caterpillar Excavator Model 312CL was purchased in July 2003 under a lease purchase agreement through Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation. The original purchase was \$92,095, with 20 quarterly payments of \$3,291 and a \$41,691 balloon payment due in July 2008 at an implied interest rate of 3.59%

 Loan Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Year	Outstanding 12/31/2006	Interest Payable if Held to Maturity
\$ 92,095	3.59%	2007 2008	8,446 47,063	1,423 1,193
		Total	<u>\$ 55,509</u>	<u>\$ 2,616</u>

Two 2003 International Trucks were purchased in May 2003 under a promissory note through Huntington National Bank. The original purchase price was \$212,000 with 20 quarterly payments of \$11,558 at an interest rate of 3.3%.

 Loan Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Year	Outstanding 12/31/2006	Interest Payable if Held to Maturity
\$ 212,000	3.3%	2007 2008	44,565 22,502	1,665 277
		Total	\$ 67,067	<u>\$ 1,942</u>

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Two International Tractors Model 5900I were purchased in May 2005 under a lease purchase agreement through Huntington National Bank. The original purchase price was \$180,000, with 20 quarterly payments of \$9,988 at an implied interest rate of 3.99%.

 Loan Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Year	Outstanding 12/31/2006	Interest Payable if Held to Maturity
\$ 180,000	3.99%	2007	35,304	4,647
		2008	36,734	3,217
		2009	38,221	1,729
		2010	19,373	288
		Total	<u>\$ 129,632</u>	\$ 9,881

On September 1, 2004, the Osceola County Building Authority issued Building Authority Bonds, Series 2004, in the amount of \$3,750,000 for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping two new facilities for the Osceola County Road Commission. The Road Commission has entered into a 30 year capital lease agreement as lessee for the financing of these two new facilities with Osceola County who leased the facilities from the Building Authority, after which time the possession of the leased premises shall vest in the Road Commission after the bonds are retired. The Road Commission is to operate and maintain the leased premises and keep it in good condition and repair.

Loan Date	 Loan Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Year	utstanding 2/31/2006	Interest Payable if Held to Maturity
05/16/05	\$ 3,750,000	3.99%	2007	\$ 75,000	\$ 157,681
			2008	75,000	155,431
			2009	75,000	153,181
			2010	75,000	150,837
			2011	75,000	148,306
			2012 - 2016	450,000	695,542
			2017 - 2021	550,000	596,392
			2022 - 2026	675,000	460,889
			2027 - 2031	900,000	270,366
			2032 - 2034	 650,000	 48,750
			Total	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 2,837,375

Vested Employee Benefits

Vacation is earned in varying amounts depending on the number of years of services of an employee and is made available to the employee at the beginning of each year, not to exceed a total accumulation of 44 days for union employees, 59 days for administrative and nonunion supervisory employees. Vacation is payable at 100% to employees when they terminate employment.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of 1 day for each month of services, not to exceed a total accumulation of 125 days for all employees. Sick pay is payable at the following percentage when employees leave prior to retirement.

10	years of service	60 percent
5-10	years of service	40 percent
0-5	years of service	20 percent

Sick leave is payable at 100% at retirement or death.

At December 31, 2006, the total vested vacation and sick leave benefits were \$52,539 and \$215,587, respectively.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

<u>Risk Management</u> – The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The government was unable to obtain general liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. The County joined together with other governments and created a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The government pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$75,000 for each insured event.

The government continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The pooling agreement allows for the pool to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining. The government is unable to provide an estimate of the amounts of additional assessments.

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County has received significant financial assistance from state and federal agencies in the form of various grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and is subject to audit by the grantor agency. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund of the County. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the County at December 31, 2006.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

The County is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement and service retirement to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplies by the sum of 2.0 percent times the final compensation (FAC). The most recent period of which actuarial data was available was for year ended December 31, 2005.

MERS was organized pursuant to Section 12A of Act #156, Public Acts of 1851 (MSA 5.333 (a); MCLA 46.12 (a), as amended, State of Michigan. MERS is regulated under Act No. 427 of Public Acts of 1984, sections of which have been approved by the State Pension Commission. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917-9755.

Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the County's competitive bargaining unit and personnel policy, which require employees to contribute to the plan. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate.

Annual Pension Cost

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the County's contributions totaling \$403,694 were made in accordance with contribution requirement determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of December 31, 2004. The employer contribution rate has been determined based on the entry age normal funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for his projected benefit. Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 8 percent and annual salary increases of 4.5 percent based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases. The unfunded actuarial liability is amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Three year trend information as of December 31, follows:

		2003		2004		2005
A	ф	6 025 402	Ф	7 400 540	Ф	0.050.262
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	6,835,402	\$	7,428,543	\$	8,050,362
Actuarial Accrued Liability		8,056,141		8,510,149		9,192,506
Unfunded AAL		1,220,739		1,081,606		1,142,144
Funded Ratio		85%		87%		88%
Covered Payroll		3,387,364		3,547,048		3,735,851
UAAL as a Percentage of						
Covered Payroll		36%		30%		31%

Year	Annual		Percentage	Net	
Ended]	Pension	of APC	Pension	
Dec 31	Cost (APC)		Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>	
2004	\$	357,423	100%	0	
2005		368,127	100%	0	
2006		403,694	100%	0	

ROAD COMMISSION

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

The Osceola County Road Commission is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement, and service retirement allowance, disability retirement allowance, nonduty-connected to death, and post-retirement adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement for general and administration is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplied by the sum of 2.25 percent times the final compensation (FAC), with a maximum benefit of 80% FAC for the general and administrative employees. The most recent period of which actuarial data was available was for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

MERS was organized pursuant to Section 12A of Act #156, Public Acts of 1851 (MSA 5.333 (a); MCLA 46.12 (a), as amended, State of Michigan. MERS is regulated under Public Act No. 427 of 1984, sections of which have been approved by the State Pension Commission. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917-9755.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the Road Commission's competitive bargaining units. The employee contribution for the year ending December 31, 2005 was 1.5% of gross wages for general employees and 1.5% of gross wages for administrative employees. The Road Commission was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate was 9.23% and 12.44% of annual compensation at December 31, 2003 for the general and administrative groups, respectively, of annual compensation.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Road Commission's annual pension cost was \$104,354 based on the actuarially determined rate for 2003. The employees contributed \$16,847 in accordance with the union and personnel agreements. The employer contribution rate has been determined based on the entry age normal funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years. The employer normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for this projected benefit. Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 8% and annual salary increases of 4.5% based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases.

		2003		2004		2005
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	4,767,569	\$	4,962,306	\$	5,115,949
Actuarial Accrued Liability	Ф	5,379,367	Ф	5,761,285	φ	5,951,945
Unfunded AAL		611,798		798,979		835,996
Funded Ratio		89%		86%		86%
Covered Payroll		1,136,216		1,065,505		1,123,147
UAAL as a Percentage of						
Covered Payroll		54%		75%		74%

Year		Annual	Percentage	Net	
Ended	I	Pension	of APC	Pension	
Dec 31	Co	ost (APC)	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>	
				_	
2003	\$	104,017	100%	0	
2004		108,321	100%	0	
2005		104,354	100%	0	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006

NOTE 10 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Osceola County Road Commission provides post-employment health care benefits, in accordance with the labor contract and personnel policy to all employees who retire from the Road Commission. The employer will pay all costs for Blue Cross/Blue Shield, including spouse, from the time the retiree is 62 years old until 65 years of age. After age 65, retirees must reimburse the employer for the cost of insurance. Employees that retire before age 62 may remain in the health group if they reimburse the employer for the cost of insurance.

Currently, five retirees meet those eligibility requirements. Expenditures for post-employment health care benefits recognized when insurance premiums are paid. Premiums paid by the Road Commission in 2006 totaled \$34,130, while reimbursements from retirees totaled \$13,880. The net cost to the Road Commission was \$20,250. The reason for the negative cost is retirees are allowed to pay early and the reimbursements are recognized when received while the expenditures are recognized as the insurance premiums become due.

NOTE 11- LEASES

<u>Capital Leases</u> – The County leases an ambulance under capital lease with yearly lease payment of \$30,721, including an interest rate of 2.95%. The County also leases a Ford Freestar vehicle for the sheriff's department, with a yearly lease payment of \$9,271, including an interest rate of 5.60%. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present values are as follows:

2007	\$	16,289
2008		9,271
Total minimum lease payments		25,560
Less amount representing interest		(1,058)
Present value of minimum lease payment	<u>\$</u>	24,502

NOTE 14 - NET ASSETS RESTRICTED/FUND EQUITY RESERVES

Net assets restrictions/fund equity reserve can be described as follows:

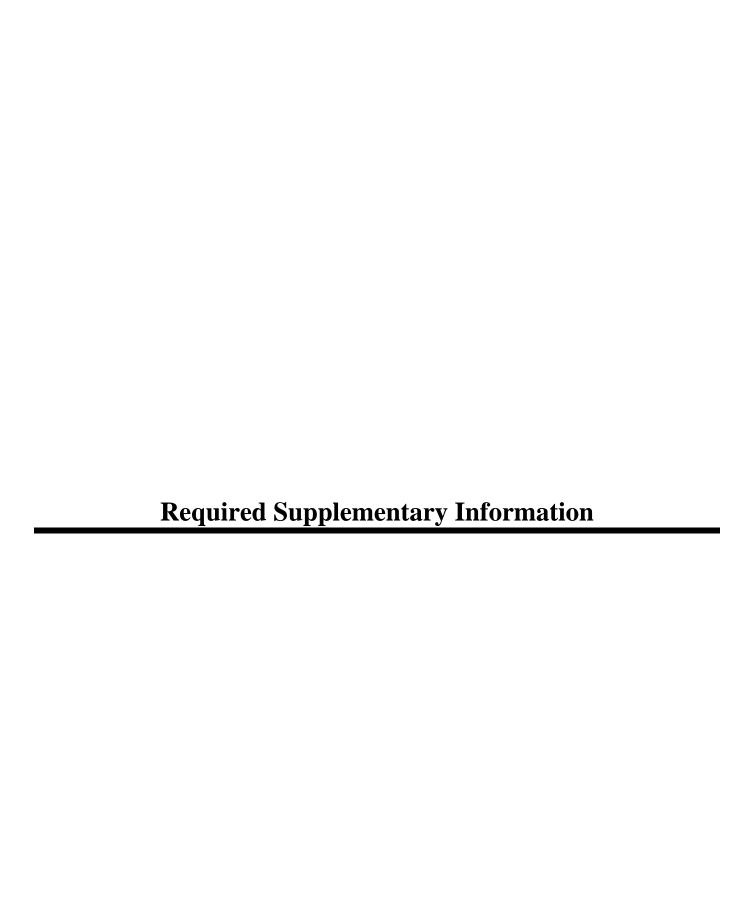
Fund	<u>Description</u>	 Amount		
Friend of the Court	Fund Purposes	\$ 36,097		
Public Improvement	Public Improvement	2,291		
Housing Grant	Public Housing	21,983		
Revenue Sharing Reserve	Revenue Sharing	 2,373,435		
		\$ 2,433,806		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006

NOTE 15 - DESIGNATED FUND BALANCE

The various governing boards of the County have the power to designate or set aside, all or a portion of unreserved fund balance for specific purposes. The following is a summary of designated fund balance of December 31, 2006:

Fund	Description	A	Amount		
General Fund	Advances	\$	2,000		



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2006

Varia	nce	wit	h
Final	Bud	lget	_

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 3,644,682	\$ 4,002,734	\$ 4,302,258	\$ 299,524
Licenses & Permits	50,100	35,553	32,745	(2,808)
Federal Sources	350,920	267,868	222,914	(44,954)
State Sources	340,238	342,668	319,107	(23,561)
Local Sources	10,000	15,000	17,834	2,834
Charges for Services	852,709	896,685	938,040	41,355
Refunds & Reimbursements	325,042	348,993	389,556	40,563
Interest & Rentals	119,350	122,352	171,850	49,498
Other Revenue	123,850	141,296	186,003	44,707
TOTAL REVENUES	5,816,891	6,173,149	6,580,307	407,158
EXPENDITURES:				
Legislative:				
Board of Commissioners	75,600	75,600	67,075	8,525
Judicial:				
Circuit Court	144,870	147,770	115,651	32,119
District Court	249,551	259,551	246,938	12,613
Jury Commission	3,877	3,877	2,433	1,444
Juvenile Division	258,044	251,044	214,665	36,379
Adult Probation	2,200	2,200	1,898	302
Probate Court	90,332	92,057	90,364	1,693
Public Defender	178,756	193,656	184,477	9,179
Total Judicial	927,630	950,155	856,426	93,729
General Government:				
County Coordinator	81,399	82,819	75,313	7,506
Professional	44,000	44,000	23,000	21,000
Elections	65,800	85,971	59,113	26,858
County Clerk	229,263	230,773	225,503	5,270
Equalization	170,170	169,115	164,629	4,486
Prosecuting Attorney	283,595	285,610	234,123	51,487
Crime Victims	50,163	50,163	47,033	3,130
Register of Deeds	203,672	203,672	196,901	6,771
Treasurer	205,802	221,604	216,679	4,925
Cooperative Extension	157,750	157,065	146,254	10,811
Buildings & Grounds	154,650	155,170	151,229	3,941
Human Services Building	19,936	25,111	25,000	111
Drain Commission	14,858	18,238	17,240	998
Sedimentation	14,547	-	-	-
General	370,737	421,546	373,872	47,674
Total General Government	2,066,342	2,150,857	1,955,889	194,968

FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2006

1,431,454

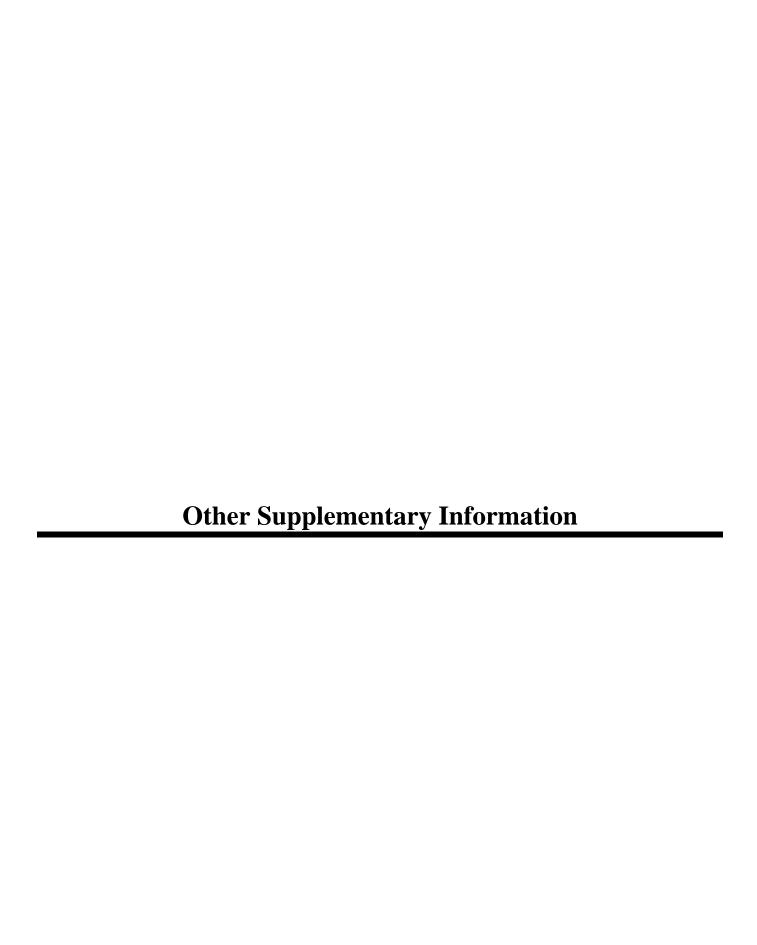
				Variance with Final Budget -
		Amounts		Positive
Public Safety:	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Sheriff	1,105,901	1,277,345	1,277,033	312
Marine	14,400	18,337	14,193	4,144
Snowmobile	14,361	14,361	6,741	7,620
Road Patrol	63,804	69,484	58,478	11,006
Jail	1,059,586	1,104,586	1,087,348	17,238
Building Inspector/Other	600	600	119	481
Planning Department	4,835	4,835	1,294	3,541
Plat Board	75	75	-,-, .	75
Emergency Services	168,076	-	_	
Animal Control	85,356	85,356	83,999	1,357
911	80,000	106,775	106,775	
Total Public Safety	2,596,994	2,681,754	2,635,980	45,774
Public Works:				
Solid Waste	4,099	4,099	129	3,970
Health & Welfare:				
Medical Examiner	48,864	60,279	58,337	1,942
Contagious Diseases	750	750	827	(77
Veteran's Burial	12,650	16,150	16,050	100
Total Health & Welfare	62,264	77,179	75,214	1,965
Other Expenditures:				
Insurance & Bonds	573,003	595,689	503,749	91,940
Employee Benefits	236,000	87,765	57,007	30,758
Appropriations	310,539	311,891	306,461	5,430
Total Other Expenditures	1,119,542	995,345	867,217	128,128
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,852,471	6,934,989	6,457,930	477,059
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,035,580)	(761,840)	122,377	884,217
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	1,364,541	1,367,879	572,178	(795,701
Operating Transfers Out	(346,021)	(623,149)	(618,612)	4,537
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (17,060)	\$ (17,110)	75,943	\$ 93,053
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			1,355,511	

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Budgeted	l Amount	s			Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
	Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(]	Negative)
REVENUES:	 						
Taxes	\$ 1,157,795	\$	1,157,795	\$	1,157,795	\$	-
Interest & Rentals	 7,500		7,500		47,755		40,255
TOTAL REVENUES	1,165,295		1,165,295		1,205,550		40,255
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfer Out	 (508,000)		(508,000)		(508,000)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (508,000)	\$	(508,000)		697,550	\$	682,791
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					1,675,885		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$	2,373,435		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule EMS Fund Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Budgeted	l A o.v	40			Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	-	Original	Amoun	Final	Acti	al Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:		origina.				an i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	 (riegurive)
Taxes	\$	569,416	\$	569,416	\$	558,515	\$ (10,901)
State Sources		-		12,450		12,620	170
Charges for Services		712,226		728,000		773,747	45,747
Interest & Rentals		-		-		16,075	16,075
Other Revenue		1,728		13,728		11,591	 (2,137)
TOTAL REVENUES		1,283,370		1,323,594		1,372,548	 48,954
EXPENDITURES:							
Health & Welfare		1,234,604		1,276,828		1,235,261	41,567
Capital Outlay		41,954		39,954		22,161	 17,793
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,276,558		1,316,782		1,257,422	 59,360
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		6,812		6,812		115,126	108,314
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers Out		(15,412)		(55,412)		(55,412)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING USES	\$	(8,600)	\$	(48,600)		59,714	\$ 108,314
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						135,513	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	195,227	



							Spec	ial Revenue Funds					
	J	ichigan ustice raining	1	Friend of Court	crap Tire Clean Up	mmunity orrections	Re	Survey monumentation	Public provement		Building aspection	egister of Deeds atomation	Budget bilization
ASSETS:													
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted Receivables:	\$	10,893	\$	200,995	\$ -	\$ 197	\$	-	\$ -	\$	75,020	\$ 61,012	\$ 50,000
Accounts Taxes		-		-	-	6,325		38,108	9,923		-	-	-
Due from Governmental Units				48,962	 	 		<u> </u>	 			 	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,893	\$	249,957	\$ 	\$ 6,522	\$	38,108	\$ 9,923	\$	75,020	\$ 61,012	\$ 50,000
LIABILITIES:													
Current Liabilities:													
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,417	\$	38,108	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts Payable		-		9,769	-	245		-	7,632		691	-	-
Accrued Liabilities		-		6,637	-	1,353		-	-		2,811	-	-
Advances to Other Funds Deferred Revenue		<u>-</u>		- -	 <u>-</u>	 <u> </u>		- -	 - -		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES				16,406	 	 5,015		38,108	 7,632		3,502	 	
FUND BALANCES:													
Reserved Unreserved		-		36,097	-	-		-	2,291		-	-	-
Undesignated		10,893		197,454	 	 1,507			 	-	71,518	 61,012	 50,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		10,893		233,551		 1,507			2,291		71,518	 61,012	 50,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,893	\$	249,957	\$ 	\$ 6,522	\$	38,108	\$ 9,923	\$	75,020	\$ 61,012	\$ 50,000

	Special Revenue Funds																
		isaster tingency		Civil Defense		Officer Fraining		Drug orcement		Drug perations		Dare perations		Law Library	mmission On Aging	C	ommission On Aging Millage
ASSETS:	•	1.022	Φ.	2.502	Φ.	15.050	Φ.	12 (20	Φ.	50.221	Ф	10.510	•	1.025	156050	Φ.	140.665
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted Receivables:	\$	1,923	\$	3,582	\$	15,272	\$	12,628	\$	58,231	\$	10,510	\$	1,925	\$ 156,353	\$	140,667
Accounts Taxes		-		22,000		-		-		145		-		-	16,898		460,546
Due from Governmental Units						-									 		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,923	\$	25,582	\$	15,272	\$	12,628	\$	58,376	\$	10,510	\$	1,925	\$ 173,251	\$	601,213
LIABILITIES:																	
Current Liabilities:																	
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts Payable		-		11,256		-		-		-		-		726	1,526		2,173
Accrued Liabilities		-		2,019		-		-		-		-		-	7,406		11,158
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	2,000		-
Deferred Revenue															 		460,546
TOTAL LIABILITIES				13,275										726	 10,932		473,877
FUND BALANCES:																	
Reserved Unreserved		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Undesignated		1,923		12,307		15,272		12,628		58,376		10,510		1,199	 162,319		127,336
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,923		12,307		15,272		12,628		58,376		10,510		1,199	 162,319		127,336
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,923	\$	25,582	\$	15,272	\$	12,628	\$	58,376	\$	10,510	\$	1,925	\$ 173,251	\$	601,213

	Special Revenue Funds										Debt Service Funds				
		leals on Wheels]	Dept. of Human Services		Child Care		eteran's Trust	_	uipment &	Housing Grant	Senior Meals Program	Co Cap Improvement Debt Service	Auth	ding nority ./Int.
ASSETS:															
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	5,258	\$	-	\$	40,697	\$	342	\$	30,793	\$ 21,983	\$ 5,230	\$ -	\$	-
Receivables:															
Accounts Taxes		16,682		-		-		-		2,941	-	-	-		-
		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Due from Governmental Units	-		-				-				 	 			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	21,940	\$		\$	40,697	\$	342	\$	33,734	\$ 21,983	\$ 5,230	\$ -	\$	
LIABILITIES:															
Current Liabilities:															
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts Payable		231		-		18,406		-		407	-	-	-		-
Accrued Liabilities		2,721		-		1,163		-		-	-	-	-		-
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Deferred Revenue											 	 			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,952		-		19,569		-		407	 	 -			
FUND BALANCES:															
Reserved		-		-		-		_		-	21,983	-	-		-
Unreserved															
Undesignated		18,988		-		21,128		342		33,327	 -	 5,230			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		18,988				21,128		342		33,327	 21,983	 5,230		_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	21,940	\$		\$	40,697	\$	342	\$	33,734	\$ 21,983	\$ 5,230	\$ -	\$	

	Impr	Co Cap cove Bond coceeds	District Court	Cons	struction	Totals
ASSETS:			******			
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted Receivables:	\$	2,532	\$ 28,984	\$	-	\$ 935,027
Accounts			145			113,167
Taxes			143			460,546
Due from Governmental Units			 _			 48,962
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,532	\$ 29,129	\$		\$ 1,557,702
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities:						
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 41,525
Accounts Payable		-	-		-	53,062
Accrued Liabilities		-	-		-	35,268
Advances to Other Funds		-	-		-	2,000
Deferred Revenue			 			 460,546
TOTAL LIABILITIES			 			 592,401
FUND BALANCES:						
Reserved		-	-		-	60,371
Unreserved						
Undesignated		2,532	 29,129			 904,930
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,532	 29,129		_	 965,301
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,532	\$ 29,129	\$	-	\$ 1,557,702

				Sj	pecial Revenue Fund	s			
	Michigan Justice Training	Friend of Court	Scrap Tire Clean Up	Community Corrections	Survey Remonumentation	Public Improvement	Building Inspection	Register of Deeds Automation	Budget Stabilization
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,223	-	-
Federal Sources	-	241,310			-	-	-	-	-
State Sources	4,754	-	723,188	44,348	63,514	12,891	-	-	-
Local Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Charges for Services	-	42,751	-		-	-	171,882	-	-
Refunds & Reimbursements	-	-	-	7,883	-	-			-
Interest & Rentals	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,532	2,804	-
Other Revenue									
TOTAL REVENUES	4,754	284,061	723,188	52,231	63,514	12,891	189,637	2,804	
EXPENDITURES:									
Judicial	-	328,442	-	-	71,514	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	4,512	-	-	88,095	-	-	231,241	-	-
Health & Welfare	-	-	723,198	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	279,421	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other					<u> </u>				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,512	328,442	723,198	88,095	71,514	279,421	231,241		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	242	(44,381)	(10)	(35,864)	(8,000)	(266,530)	(41,604)	2,804	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	 	51,647	10	26,564	8,000	323,519 (175,096)		32,060 (15,000)	<u>-</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	242	7,266	-	(9,300)	-	(118,107)	(41,604)	19,864	-
FUND BALANCES, January 1	10,651	226,285		10,807		120,398	113,122	41,148	50,000
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$ 10,893	\$ 233,551	\$ -	\$ 1,507	\$ -	\$ 2,291	\$ 71,518	\$ 61,012	\$ 50,000

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Disast Conting		Civil Defense	Officer Training		Orug orcement	Drug Operations	Dare Operations	Law Library	Commission On Aging	Commission On Aging Millage		
REVENUES:													
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 448,571		
Licenses and Permits		-	170.000	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Federal Sources		-	178,900	10.050		-	-	-	-	113,249	-		
State Sources Local Sources		-	-	10,058		-	-	7,795 50	-	87,414	16,500		
Charges for Services		-	-	-		-	-	50	-	-	-		
Refunds & Reimbursements		-	-	-		-	201	-	-	-	-		
Interest & Rentals		-	-	-		-	201	-	-	-	20,137		
Other Revenue		-	-	-		3,670	10,990	-	3,500	696	8,498		
Other Revenue		<u> </u>			. —	3,070	10,990		3,300	090	0,490		
TOTAL REVENUES			178,900	10,058		3,670	11,191	7,845	3,500	201,359	493,706		
EXPENDITURES:													
Judicial		-	-	-		-	-	-	14,018	-	-		
Public Safety		-	240,141	10,497		-	2,585	9,382	-	-	-		
Health & Welfare		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	166,885	468,128		
Capital Outlay		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt Service		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other	-												
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			240,141	10,497			2,585	9,382	14,018	166,885	468,128		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-	(61,241)	(439)		3,670	8,606	(1,537)	(10,518)	34,474	25,578		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Operating Transfers In		-	73,548	-			1,670	-	10,500	-	-		
Operating Transfers Out	-					(2,840)					(27,250)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES			12,307	(439)		830	10,276	(1,537)	(18)	34,474	(1,672)		
THE TOTAL OF THE TANK OF THE T			12,507	(437)		050	10,270	(1,557)	(10)	57,777	(1,0/2)		
FUND BALANCES, January 1		1,923		15,711		11,798	48,100	12,047	1,217	127,845	129,008		
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	1,923	\$ 12,307	\$ 15,272	\$	12,628	\$ 58,376	\$ 10,510	\$ 1,199	\$ 162,319	\$ 127,336		

			Debt Service Funds						
	Meals on Wheels	Dept. of Human Services	Child Care	Veteran's Trust	Equipment & Maintenance	Housing Grant	Senior Meals Program	Co Cap Improvement Debt Service	Building Authority Prin./Int.
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Sources	126,021	-	-		-	110,949	-	-	-
State Sources	37,686	-	131,136	2,391	17,836	-	41,366	-	-
Local Sources	14,110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refunds & Reimbursements	-	-	19,776	-	-	-		-	-
Interest & Rentals	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Other Revenue	39,344					8,642			
TOTAL REVENUES	217,162		150,912	2,391	17,836	119,591	41,369		
EXPENDITURES:									
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health & Welfare	234,407	23,863	383,283	2,728	-	126,097	37,969	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	20,978	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,309	128,438
Other									350
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	234,407	23,863	383,283	2,728	20,978	126,097	37,969	46,309	128,788
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(17,245)	(23,863)	(232,371)	(337)	(3,142)	(6,506)	3,400	(46,309)	(128,788)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	27,250	12,000 (4,365)	225,000		(34,271)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	46,309	128,788
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	10,005	(16,228)	(7,371)	(337)	(37,413)	(6,506)	3,400	-	-
FUND BALANCES, January 1	8,983	16,228	28,499	679	70,740	28,489	1,830		
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$ 18,988	\$ -	\$ 21,128	\$ 342	\$ 33,327	\$ 21,983	\$ 5,230	\$ -	\$ -

	-						
	Impro	Cap ve Bond ceeds	Dist Co		Constr	uction	 Totals
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 448,571
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-	12,223
Federal Sources		-		-		-	770,429
State Sources		-		-		-	1,200,877
Local Sources		-		-		-	14,160
Charges for Services		2,000		-		75,910	292,543
Refunds & Reimbursements		131		-		-	27,991
Interest & Rentals		-		-		53	28,530
Other Revenue				11,068			 86,408
TOTAL REVENUES		2,131		11,068		75,963	 2,881,732
EXPENDITURES:							
Judicial		-		-		-	413,974
Public Safety		-		-		-	586,453
Health & Welfare		-		-		-	2,166,558
Capital Outlay		78,538		-		65,754	444,691
Debt Service		-		-		-	174,747
Other		995		197			 1,542
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		79,533		197		65,754	 3,787,965
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(77,402)		10,871		10,209	(906,233)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In		-		-		-	966,865
Operating Transfers Out			(15,000)		(10,209)	 (284,031)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING USES		(77,402)		(4,129)		-	(223,399)
FUND BALANCES, January 1		79,934	:	33,258			 1,188,700
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	2,532	\$	29,129	\$	_	\$ 965,301

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2006

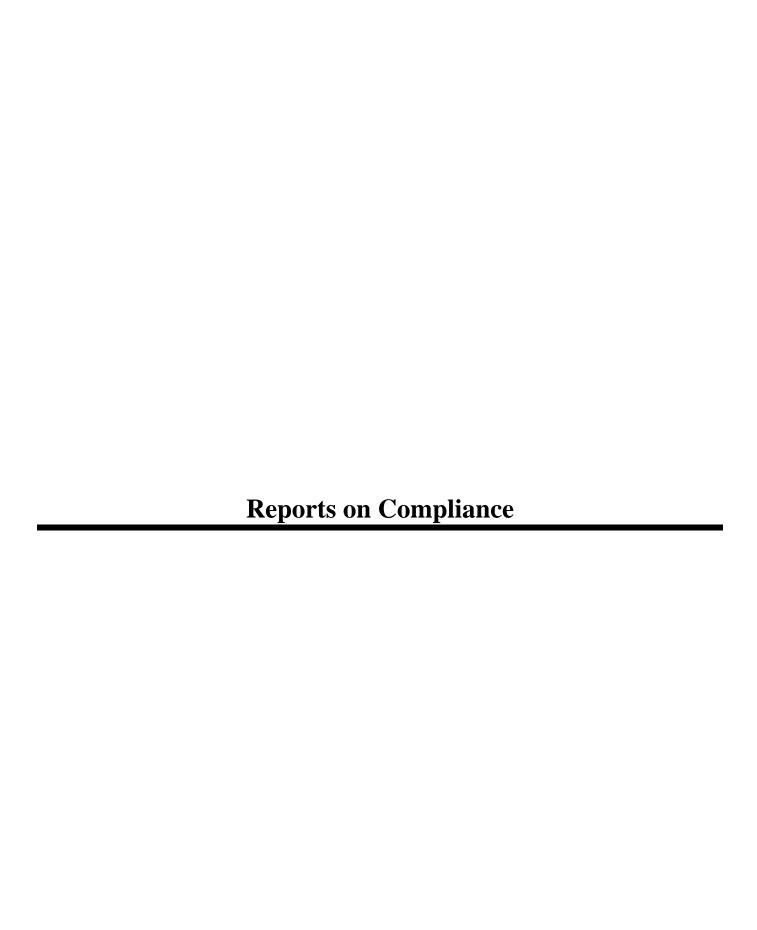
	Park & Recreation				Vested Benefits		Tax Revolving Admin		Delinquent Tax Prop Proceeds		Deli	2003 nquent Tax	2004 Delinquent Tax		 Totals
ASSETS:			Φ.	0.702	Φ.	124.050	Φ.	520		4 275	Φ.			224056	555.005
Cash & Equivalents -Unrestricted	\$	112,371	\$	9,793	\$	124,870	\$	520	\$	4,275	\$	-	\$	324,076	\$ 575,905
Receivables: Taxes				_		_		_		_		_		77,537	77,537
Interest		_		_		_		_		_		_		25,587	25,587
Capital Assets - net		215,934		_		_		_		_		_		23,367	215,934
Cupital 135005 net		210,70													 210,701
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	328,305	\$	9,793	\$	124,870	\$	520	\$	4,275	\$		\$	427,200	\$ 894,963
LIABILITIES:															
Current Liabilities:															
Due to Other Funds	\$	16,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$ 166,800
Accounts Payable		344		-		-		-		-		-		-	344
Accrued Liabilities		856													 856
TOTAL LIABILITIES		18,000		_		-		-		-		-		150,000	168,000
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·														
NET ASSETS:															
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt)		215,934		-		-		-				-		-	215,934
Unrestricted		94,371		9,793		124,870		520		4,275				277,200	 511,029
TOTAL NET ASSETS		310,305		9,793		124,870		520		4,275				277,200	 726,963
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	328,305	\$	9,793	\$	124,870	\$	520	\$	4,275	\$	_	\$	427,200	\$ 894,963

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Park & ecreation	Con	mmissary	Vested Benefits		Tax Revolving Admin		ing Tax I		2003 Delinquent Tax		2004 linquent Tax		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:															
Charges for Services Interest & Rentals	\$	198,156	\$	61,325	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	28,517	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 32,074 40,462	\$	320,072 40,462
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	-	198,156		61,325	_		-			28,517			 72,536		360,534
OPERATING EXPENSES:															
Personnel Services		92,453		-		-		-		-		_	-		92,453
Utilities		27,176		-		-		-		_		-	_		27,176
Repairs & Maintenance		23,270		-		-		-		_		-	_		23,270
Other Supplies & Expenses		43,775		60,858		-		-		24,327		-	_		128,960
Depreciation		13,399		-		-		_					 		13,399
Total Operating Expenses		200,073		60,858						24,327			 		285,258
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,917)		467						4,190			 72,536		75,276
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):															
Interest Earnings		2,077				-				85		-	 17,408		19,570
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		2,077								85			 17,408	-	19,570
Income (loss) before transfers		160		467		-		-		4,275		-	 89,944		94,846
Operating Transfers In		_		_		10,000		_		_		-	_		10,000
Operating Transfers Out		_				<u> </u>		(694)				(248,277)	 		(248,971)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		160		467		10,000		(694)		4,275		(248,277)	89,944		(144,125)
NET ASSETS, January 1		310,145		9,326		114,870		1,214		-		248,277	 187,256		871,088
NET ASSETS, December 31	\$	310,305	\$	9,793	\$	124,870	\$	520	\$	4,275	\$	_	\$ 277,200	\$	726,963

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Parks & Recreation					Vested Benefits		Tax Revolving Admin		elinquent Cax Prop Proceeds	D	2003 Delinquent Tax		2004 Delinquent Tax		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received From Customers or Users Cash Payments to Suppliers/Others Internal Activity - Receipts (Payments) to Other Funds	\$	198,156 (186,808) (5,600)	\$	61,325 (60,858)	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	28,517 (24,327)	\$	106,070	\$	661,671	\$	1,055,739 (271,993) (1,005,600)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		5,748		467		-				4,190		106,070		(338,329)		(221,854)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities: Net Operating Transfers In (Out)				<u>-</u>		10,000		(694)				(248,277)				(238,971)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities				<u>-</u>		10,000		(694)				(248,277)				(238,971)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Income		2,077		<u>-</u>						85				17,408		19,570
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		2,077								85				17,408		19,570
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		7,825		467		10,000		(694)		4,275		(142,207)		(320,921)		(441,255)
Cash and Equivalents at Beginning of Year		104,546		9,326		114,870		1,214				142,207		644,997		1,017,160
Cash and Equivalents at End of Year	\$	112,371	\$	9,793	\$	124,870	\$	520	\$	4,275	\$		\$	324,076	\$	575,905
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:																
Operating Income (Loss) Non-cash and other nonoperating expenses:	\$	(1,917)	\$	467	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,190	\$	-	\$	72,536	\$	75,276
Depreciation Expense		13,399		-		-		-		-		-		-		13,399
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in Assets:																
Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		69,979		551,789		621,768
Interest Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		23,093		37,346		60,439
Due from Others		-		-		-		-		-		12,998		-		12,998
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(5.600)												(1,000,000)		(1.005.600)
Due to Other Funds Accounts Payable		(5,600) 344		-		-		-		-		-		(1,000,000)		(1,005,600) 344
Accounts Fayable Accrued Liabilities		(478)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(478)
Teetaea Liaomaeo	-	(470)							-						-	(470)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	5,748	\$	467	\$	_	\$		\$	4,190	\$	106,070	\$	(338,329)	\$	(221,854)





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Chairman and Members of The Board of Commissioners County of Osceola, Michigan 301 West Upton Avenue Reed City, MI 49677

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Osceola, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the County of Osceola, Michigan's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon, dated May 29, 2007. Our report was modified to include a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the (Osceola County Road Commission, a discretely presented component unit), as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Osceola, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Osceola, Michigan Page 2

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Osceola's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Osceola, Michigan in a separate letter dated May 29, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

> Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC **Certified Public Accountants**

anderson Jackman, Co. P.D.

May 29, 2007



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board County of Osceola, Michigan 301 West Upton Avenue Reed City, MI 49677

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the County of Osceola, Michigan with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2006. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Osceola, Michigan complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Osceola, Michigan Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Osceola, Michigan is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Osceola, Michigan's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in a County's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, audit committee, management, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

anderson Jackman, Co. P.C.

May 29, 2007

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Entity Identifying		Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Exp	enditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass-through from the Michigan State Housing				
Development Authority (MSHDA)				
Community Development Block Grant - 2003	14.228	MCS-2003-0541-HOA	\$	121,248
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				121,248
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed through the Michigan Department of State Police				
2004 State Homeland Security Program Grant	97.004	N/A		142,351
2004 State Homeland Security Program Grant	97.004	N/A		22,000
2004 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.004	N/A		43,548
Emergency Management Grant 10/01/05 to 9/30/06	97.042	N/A		14,549
Subtotal Michigan Department of State Police	, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	- "		222,448
Passed through the Michigan Department of Natural Resources				222,440
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	MS2006-FEDA		14,205
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				236,653
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:				
Passed Through on Area Agency on Aging of Western Michigan				
Assisted Transportation, Title IIIB - 10/1/05 to 9/30/06	93.044	51.720		10,779
Assisted Transportation, Title IIIB - 10/1/06 to 9/30/07	93.044	51.720		2,094
Homemaker Aide, Title IIIB - 10/1/05 to 9/30/06	93.044	51.720		5,950
Homemaker Aide, Title IIIB - 10/1/06 to 9/30/07	93.044	51.720		555
Outreach Assistance, Title IIIB - 10/1/05 to 9/30/06	93.044	51.720		9,321
Outreach Assistance, Title IIIB - 10/1/06 to 9/30/07	93.044	51.720		2,374
Congregate Meals - Title IIIC-1, 10/1/05 to 9/30/06	93.045	61.720		23,952
Congregate Meals - Title IIIC-1, 10/1/06 to 9/30/07	93.045	61.720		3,649
Home Delivered Meals - Title IIIC-2, 10/1/05 to 9/30/06	93.045	61.720		51,196
Home Delivered Meals - Title IIIC-2, 10/1/06 to 9/30/07	93.045	61.720		9,552
Congregate Meals - NISP-T3C1, 10/1/05 to 9/30/06	93.053	61.720		14,932
Congregate Meals - NISP-T3C1, 10/1/06 to 9/30/07	93.053	61.720		846
Federal Respite - Title IIIE - 10/01/05-09/30/06	93.052	51.720		7,992
Federal Respite - Title IIIE - 10/01/06-09/30/07	93.052	51.720		1,871
Medicaid Waiver	93.778	N/A		53,992
Total pass through AAAWM				199,055
Passed though from Michigan Department of Human Services				
Friend of Court - Incentive 2005	93.563	N/A		10,956
Friend of Court - Incentive 2006	93.563	N/A		20,265
Friend of Court - Incentive 2007	93.563	N/A		10,009
Friend of Court - Child Support 10/1/05 - 9/30/06	93.563	CS/FOC-06-67001		147,232
Friend of Court - Child Support 10/1/06 - 9/30/07	93.563	CS/FOC-07-67001		52,857
Prosecuting Attorney - Child Support 10/1/05 - 9/30/06	93.563	CS/PA-06-67002		27,077
Prosecuting Attorney - Child Support 10/1/06 - 9/30/07	93.563	CS/PA-07-67002		10,927
Total Michigan Department of Human Services				279,323
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services				478,378
U.S. Department of Justice:				•
Direct Award:				
COPS in School	16.710	2003 SHWX 0064		141,361
Total U.S. Department of Justice				141,361
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	977,640

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards December 31, 2006

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of Osceola, Michigan and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - COGNIZANT AGENCY

The County has not been assigned a cognizant agency. Therefore, the County is under the general oversight of the U.S. Department of Justice which provided the greatest amount of direct federal funding to the County during 2006.

NOTE C - FEDERAL REVENUES RECONCILATION

Federal Revenues per Financial Statement	\$	993,343
Less State Revenue classified as Federal Revenues		(15,703)
Total Federal Revenues	<u>\$</u>	977,640

Summary of Audit Results Year Ended December 31, 2006

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of auditors' report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified? No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

No

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified? No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

No

Type of auditors' report issued on

compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? No

Identification of Major Programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster **CFDA NUMBERS**

COPS in School 16.710

Homeland Security Grant Programs 97.004

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between type A and type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Section II – Financial Statement Findings
NONE.	
	Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs
NONE.	

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2006

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiencies - Non-Compliance

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Finding 05-1

Statement of Condition/Criteria: Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the County's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The General Fund budget is adopted at the functional level and the Special Revenue funds are adopted in total. During the year ended December 31, 2005 the County incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amount appropriated as follows:

	Total		Amount of	Budget
	<u>Appropriati</u>	ons	Expenditures	 Variance
Special Revenue:				
Revenue Sharing Reserve	\$	- :	\$ 492,414	\$ (492,414)

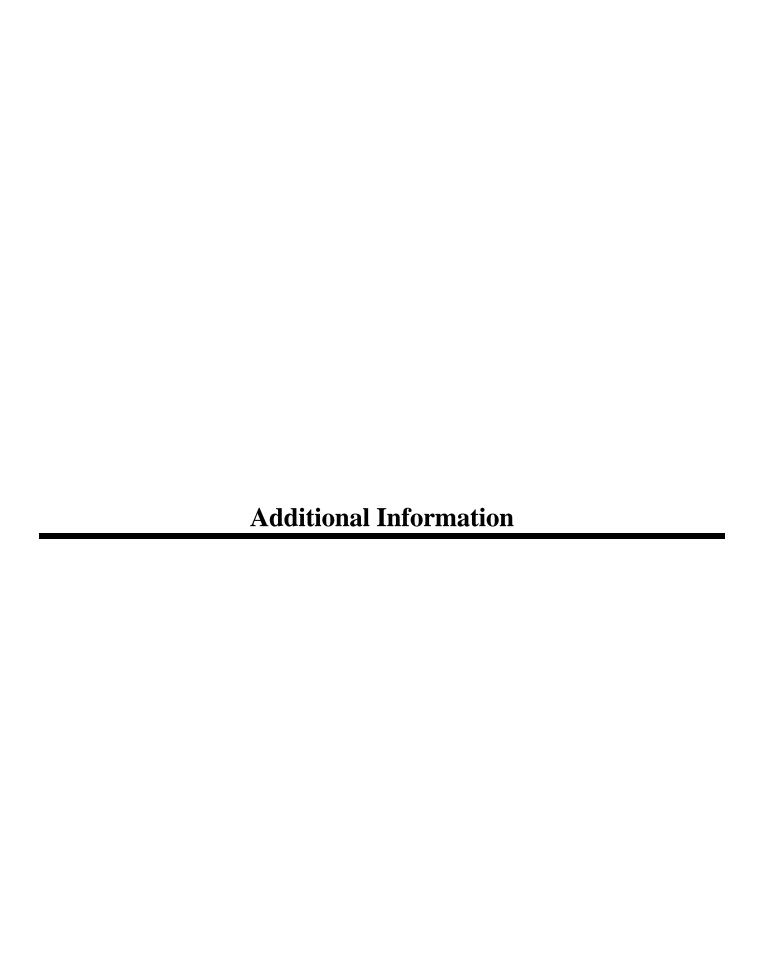
Effect: The County has not complied with various State Statutes.

Cause of Condition: Failure to adopt a budget for the Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund during the year.

Recommendation: The County should adopt a budget for the Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund.

Management's Response – Corrective Action Plan: A budget will be adopted for this Fund in subsequent years.

Status: Corrected.



COUNTY OF OSCEOLA, MICHIGAN

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Honorable Chairman & Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Osceola, Michigan 301 West Upton Avenue Reed City, MI 49677

Our report on our audit of the basic financial statements of the County of Osceola, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, appears on page 1. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements which collectively comprise the County of Osceola, Michigan. The additional information listed on the following pages regarding the Municipal securities disclosure requirements of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c2-12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

anderson Jackman, Co. P.S.

May 29, 2007

NOTE 1 - DEBT ISSUES APPLICABLE TO SEC RULE 15c2-12 DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS:

Debt issues of \$1,000,000 or more sold on or after July 3, 1995 are applicable to SEC rule 15c2-12 disclosure requirements. As of December 31, 2006, the County has the following debt issues which apply to SEC Rule 15c2-12:

- 1. \$1,600,000 1998 Building Authority Bonds.
- 2. \$3,750,000 2004 Building Authority Bonds.

NOTE 2 - TABLES:

The following tables are included in the debt issues and are required to be updated annually to comply with the Municipal Securities disclosure requirements of the SEC Rule 15c2-12:

A. State Equalized Valuation:

2006 -	\$ 949,629,2
2005 -	888,906,0
2004 -	826,439,0
2003 -	780,322,3
2002 -	700,343,
2001 -	629,252,
2000 -	578,532,
1999 -	516,397,
1998 -	459,473,
1997 -	421,524,

Source: Osceola County

B. Taxable Valuation:

2006 -	\$ 625,999,069
2005 -	596,513,644
2004 -	566,650,491
2003 -	543,030,238
2002 -	511,089,219
2001 -	479,380,961
2000 -	452,860,768
1999 -	424,045,357

2006 Breakdown by Use

Residential	65.76%
Commercial	5.60%
Industrial	3.39%
Personal Property	14.90%
Agricultural	10.35%
-	

TOTAL 100.00%

NOTE 2 - TABLES: (Continued)

2006 Breakdown by Class				
Real Personal	85.10% 			
TOTAL	100.00%			

Source: Osceola County

C. County Tax Rates & Levies:

-	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
County Operating Mecosta-Osceola I/S/D	6.4035 .2495	6.4035 .2496	6.4138 .2500	6.4138 .2411	6.4636 .2434
Wexford-Missaukee I/S/D	.2714	.2730	.2749	.2761	.2792
TOTAL ALL JURISDICTIONS	6.9244	6.9261	6.9387	6.9310	6.9862

Source: Osceola County

D. Tax Collection Record:

County of Osceola pays from a 100% Tax Payment Fund the delinquent real property taxes of all municipalities in the County, including the County. Delinquent personal property taxes are negligible. The County's fiscal year begins January 1. County taxes are due December 1 and become delinquent the following March 1.

Year	 Γax Levy*	 Amount**	%	%
2006	\$ 20,708,637	\$ 18,654,097	90.08%	-%
2005	19,733,518	17,740,158	89.90%	100%
2004	18,851,394	16,949,069*	89.91%	100%
2003	17,262,790	15,466,753	89.60%	100%
2002	16,108,902	14,191,026	88.09%	100%
2001	15,855,306	14,011,240	88.36%	100%
2000	15,265,610	13,125,865	85.99%	100%
1999	14,177,977	12,326,540	86.94%	100%
1998	13,457,294	11,573,273	86.00%	100%
1997	13,256,204	11,466,616	86.50%	100%
1996	12,886,399	11,194,889	86.87%	100%
1995	12,095,165	10,283,004	85.02%	100%

^{*}Includes real and personal property taxes.

Source: Osceola County

^{** 246,923} additional levy.

229.40

NOTE 2 - TABLES: (Continued)

E. General Fund Revenues and Expenditures:

	 2006	 2005	 2004	 2003
Revenues & Transfers In Expenditures & Transfers Out Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	\$ 7,152,485 7,076,542 75,943	\$ 7,039,190 6,846,068 193,122	\$ 6,613,649 6,954,385 (340,736)	\$ 6,712,465 6,512,541 199,924
Beginning Fund Balance	 1,355,511	 1,162,389	 1,503,125	 1,303,201
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,431,454	\$ 1,355,511	\$ 1,162,389	\$ 1,503,125

Source: Osceola County

F. Debt Statement:

	<u>Gross</u>	Net
Direct Debt of County: Building Authority Capital Improvements	\$ 4,650,000 710,000	
Total	\$ 5,360,00	0 \$ 5,360,000

In addition to the above, the County issues self-supporting Limited Tax Delinquent Fund Tax Notes each year which mature in 1 to 3 years. The last tax note was paid in full in March 2001. The County does not plan to issue tax notes in 2006.

Percent County Net Direct Debt to TV		.85%	
OVERLAPPING DEBT OF COUNTY:			
School Districts Cities Townships Villages	\$	24,579,271 303,000 -	
Intermediate School Districts		1,805,000	
Net Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	26,687,271	
Net County and Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	32,047,271	
Per Capita County Net Direct and Overlapping Debt Percent Net Direct and Overlapping Debt to 2006 TV	\$	1,371.59 5.10%	

Source: County of Osceola and Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan

Per Capita County Net Direct Debt



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REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

Members of the Osceola County Board of Commissioners 301 West Upton Avenue Reed City, Michigan 49677

We have audited the financial statements of the County of Osceola for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our reports thereon dated February 28, 2007. Our professional standards require that we make several communications to you, the purpose of which is to assist you with additional information regarding the scope and results of the audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Osceola's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Osceola's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Osceola's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the County of Osceola's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the County of Osceola's compliance with those requirements.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility for selection of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement, we will advise management of the appropriateness of the accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the County of Osceola are described in Note 1. No new accounting policies were adopted and there were no changes to the application of any existing policies during the fiscal year. We noted no transactions entered into by the County of Osceola during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. Our conclusions regarding the reasonableness of the estimates are based on reviewing and testing the historical data provided by management and using this data to compute the liability.

Audit Adjustments

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define an audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the County of Osceola's financial reporting process (this is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or unrecorded by the County of Osceola, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the County of Osceola's financial reporting process.

Disagreement with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether significant or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Consultation with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about accounting and auditing matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County of Osceola or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion to be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to advise us as to determine the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in the performance of our audit.

Comments and Recommendations

701 Fund Account

It was noted that the 701 fund account #000020-231010-00 (BCBS Hospitalization) has a balance that has been slowly accumulating for the past several years. This balance is in excess of the amount paid out to BCBS and at the close of the 2006 year totaled \$19,995. It is recommended that this balance be transferred to the General Fund and that it not be allowed to accumulate in the future.

Summer Tax Levy

With the change in the funding of Revenue Sharing various issues have surfaced. The State allowed Counties to place an amount equal to 1/3 of their 2004 levy for three years from the 2004, 2005, and 2006 levies in a Reserve fund each January. To replace this 1/3 taken from the operating levy the County is allowed to levy a summer tax beginning in July of 2005. 1/3 of the 2005 levy, 2/3 of the 2006 levy and 3/3 of the 2007 levy would be summer collections. This process of funding would allow the Counties to still fund Revenue Sharing and still receive 100% of their operating levies each year. One area of concern is that the summer collections are not completely received in cash at year end. Furthermore, what is not collected is not received until settlement in the subsequent year. This creates a cash flow shortage which can be alleviated by borrowing from the Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund. It also creates a revenue recognition issue in that the revenue is not collected within 60 days of year end. It is collected when tax settlement occurs in March. In summary, because the legislature intended that the summer levy would make the Counties operating levy whole, we recommend that taxes receivable and taxes revenue be recorded to account for the uncollected summer levy at year end. Also, the County should consider the effects of the above changes on its cash flow needs.

Fraud Policy

With the implementation of statement of Auditing Standards No. 99, auditors are required to assess policies and procedures regarding fraud risks within a governmental entity. The board does not have a "fraud policy" which would address fraud or suspected fraud and related board actions. We recommend the Board adopt a fraud policy in compliance with SAS No. 99.

Personal Property Taxes

Currently, the County is not recording the amount of outstanding delinquent personal property taxes that are due to the County in the general ledger. It is recommended the County record the amount of outstanding delinquent personal property taxes in the general ledger of each fund that has a tax levy. The County should maintain subsidiary ledgers which show the amount of delinquent personal property taxes owed by each taxing unit by individual tax year.

Conclusion

We would like to express our appreciation, as well as that of our staff, for the excellent cooperation we received while performing the audit. If we can be of assistance in implementing the above recommendations, please contact us.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

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May 29, 2007